

## Initial and Periodic Inspection and Testing of Electrical Installations (2391-052) Sample Test

**Version 1.5 – June 2022** 

Version and date	Change detail	Section
1.3 July 2018	Modified questions/answers to suit BS 7671:2018	All
1.4 Nov 2021	<ul> <li>Q56 amended to meet BS 7671: 2018</li> </ul>	
1.5 June 2022	Modified questions/answers to suit BS 7671:2018 (2022)A2	All

Candidate	Name	Date	DD/MM/YY	
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1	Wha	at needs to be verified during the inspection of a new installation?
	a)	Electrical equipment has not degraded.
	b)	Fixed installation is correctly selected.
	c)	Fixed installation has not deteriorated.
	d)	Electrical appliances comply with BS 7671.
	Res	oonse:
2	Wha	at process involves checking if an installation has deteriorated?
	a)	Initial Verification.
	b)	Condition Inspection.
	c)	Initial Inspection and Testing.
	d)	Periodic Inspection and Testing.
	Res	ponse:
3		at document <b>must</b> be issued following the installation of a new cooker circuit to an existing allation?
	a)	Electrical Installation Report.
	b)	Electrical Installation Certificate.
	c)	Electrical Installation Condition Report.
	d)	Minor Electrical Installation Works Certificate.
	Res	oonse:
4	Wha	at circumstance would require an Electrical Installation Condition Report to be issued?
	a)	New luminaires have been installed.
	b)	Supermarket has been rewired.
	c)	New occupier moving into a flat.
	d)	Remedial work has been carried out.
	Res	ponse:
5	Que	stions 5 to 11 relate to the following scenario.

Refurbishment of a leisure centre with a swimming pool is taking place. An additional lighting circuit

Initial and Periodic Inspection and Testing of Electrical Installations (2391-052) Sample Questions

is to be installed. The new lights will be at a height of 2.4 m above the pool.

Resp	onse:
1)	Hearing.
:)	Touch.
)	Smell.
1)	Sight.
	at would be the <b>most</b> appropriate human sense to use when inspecting the IP rating of the lights?
Resp	onse:
l)	Electrical Installation Certificate.
:)	Electrical Installation Schedule.
)	Schedule of Inspections.
1)	Schedule of Test Results.
	at document <b>must</b> the Inspector use to record the new lighting circuit arity?
Resp	onse:
l)	ESQCR
:)	GS38
) )	GN3
1)	EWR
	ich non-statutory document directly relates to the process of inspection and ting?
Resp	onse:
l)	Minor Electrical Installation Works Certificate.
:)	Electrical Installation Condition Report.
))	Schedule of Electrical Condition.
	Whatesp Whatesp Whatesp Whatesp Whatesp Whatesp Whatesp Whatesp

What document **must** be completed following inspection and testing?

a)

b)

IPX8

IPX5

	d)	IPX2
	Resp	ponse:
10		at would be the <b>most</b> appropriate action to take if the new lights do not comply with the mum IP rating?
	a)	Notify the client without delay.
	b)	Rectify the issue and re-inspect.
	c)	Record on the Schedule of Inspections.
	d)	Record on the Electrical Installation Certificate.
	Resp	oonse:
11		ch test <b>must</b> be carried out before earth fault loop impedance to ensure the installation is safe nergise?
	a)	Voltage drop.
	b)	Supply polarity.
	c)	Residual current device.
	d)	Prospective fault current.
	Resp	oonse:
12	Que	stions 12 to 16 relate to the following scenario.
		existing installation in a hotel is to be inspected and tested as a requirement of the local nority for a public entertainment licence application.
		rious inspection and testing records exist but two additional socket-outlet circuits have riously been installed for which there are no test results available.
	Whe	ere <b>must</b> the Extent and Limitations of inspection and testing be recorded?
	a)	Electrical Installation Certificate.
	b)	Generic Schedule of Test Results.
	c)	Electrical Installation Condition Report.
	d)	Periodic Inspection Report Certificate.
	Resp	oonse:
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c)

IPX4

	a) Inspector, Client and HSE.	
	b) Client, Local Authority and HSE.	
	c) HSE, Inspector and Local Authority.	
	d) Inspector, Client and Local Authority.	
	Response:	
14	What action should be taken with regard to the additional socket-outlet circuits?	
	a) Both should be sampled to check compliance with BS 7671.	
	b) One should be sampled to check compliance with BS 7671.	
	c) Both should be fully tested to check compliance with BS 7671.	
	d) One should be fully inspected to check compliance with BS 7671.	
	Response:	
15	Which test can be carried out without the use of GS38 compliant test leads?	
	a) Residual current device.	
	b) Prospective fault current.	
	c) Earth fault loop impedance.	
	d) Continuity of protective conductors.	
	Response:	
16	Which test may be unnecessary on any existing ring-final circuits, for which previous test recordare available?	sk
	a) Insulation resistance.	
	b) Socket-outlet polarity.	
	c) Ring-final circuit continuity.	
	d) Earth fault loop impedance.	
	Response:	
17	Questions 17 to 23 relate to the following scenario.	
	The continuity of a main protective bonding conductor to a gas installation pipe in a new prima school is to be tested. The 10 mm <sup>2</sup> conductor is 43 m long.	ry

Who will be involved in setting the sampling size for this installation?

13

The installation has been safely isolated for this test.

What is the purpose of carrying out this test?

a)

To confirm electrical separation has been met.

	b)	To confirm a requirement of ADS has been met.
	c)	To confirm exposed conductive parts are earthed.
	d)	To confirm extraneous conductive parts are present.
	Res	oonse:
.8	Wł	nat instrument is to be used to carry out this test?
	a)	Low resistance ohmmeter.
	b)	Insulation resistance tester.
	c)	Approved voltage indicator.
	d)	Prospective fault current tester.
	Res	ponse:
9	W	hy must the installation remain safely isolated whilst this test is carried out?
	a)	To include parallel paths.
	b)	To remove parallel paths.
	c)	To ensure accurate test results.
	d)	To remove the risk of electric shock.
	Res	ponse:
0	Whi	ch additional piece of test equipment will be required for this test?
	a)	Proving unit.
	b)	Rotating disc.
	c)	Wander lead.
	d)	Earth electrode.
	Res	ponse:
1	Wh	at is the <b>only</b> outcome that can be recorded on the Schedule of Inspections for this conductor?
	a)	Lim
	b)	N/V
	c)	N/A
	d)	Tick
	Resi	oonse:

22	Wh	at is the expected measured conductor resistance value?
	a)	0.00 Ω
	b)	0.05 Ω
	c)	0.08 Ω
	d)	0.12 Ω
	Res	oonse:
23	Whi	ch risk to other persons <b>must</b> be managed when correctly undertaking this test?
	a)	Burns risk.
	b)	Trip hazard.
	c)	Sharp edges.
	d)	Electric shock.
	Res	oonse:
24	Que	stions 24 to 28 relate to the following scenario.
	peri	Voltage drop of a single-phase circuit supplying a bread oven is to be verified as part of odic inspection and testing within a bakery. The circuit is wired in multicore 70 °C moplastic cable.
		circuit has a measured $R_1+R_n$ value of 0.40 $\Omega$ and an $I_b$ of 29.6 A.
		circuit protective device has an I <sub>n</sub> of 32 A.
	The	installation forms part of a public 400/230 V TN-S system.
	Wha	at is the purpose of this test?
	a)	To confirm the oven will not overload the circuit.
	b)	To confirm the protective device will operate correctly.
	c)	To confirm the function of the oven will not be impaired.
	d)	To confirm the cable will stay within temperature parameters.
	Res	oonse:
25	W	hat instrument is used for part of this process?
	a)	PFC Tester.
	b)	Multi-meter.
	c)	Low resistance ohmmeter.
	d)	Approved voltage indicator.
	Res	oonse:

26	Wh	at is the <b>maximum</b> percentage voltage drop allowed for this circuit?
	a)	3 %
	b)	5 %
	c)	6 %
	d)	8 %
	Res	ponse:
27	Wha	at is the calculated value of voltage drop?
	a)	11.8 V
	b)	13.5 V
	c)	14.2 V
	d)	14.8 V
	Res	oonse:
28	Wh	at is the <b>most</b> appropriate outcome based on the value of voltage drop?
	a)	Lim
	b)	C1
	c)	C2
	d)	C3
	Res	oonse:
29	Que	stions 29 to 33 relate to the following scenario.
	The s	upply polarity of a restaurant is to be tested as part of a periodic inspection and test.
	The s	upply and installation form part of a 230 V single-phase TN-S system.
	Fault	protection is provided by single-pole circuit breakers to BS EN 60898.
	What	would be the effect of reversed Line-Neutral supply polarity?
	a)	Motors will spin in reverse direction.
	b)	Equipment will not function correctly.
	c)	Single-pole switches will not control the load.
	d)	Circuit breakers will not disconnect an earth fault.
	Res	ponse:

	a)	Approved voltage indicator.
	b)	Phase rotation test instrument.
	c)	Low resistance ohmmeter.
	d)	Insulation resistance tester.
	Resp	onse:
31	Wł	nat instrument safety check <b>must</b> be made befor
	a)	Check battery level.
	b)	Check compliance with GS38.
	c)	Check operation on a proving unit.
	d)	Check instrument within calibration.
	Resp	onse:
32	Wha	t voltages are to be expected if the polarity is co
	a)	L-N 230 V, L-E 230 V, N-E Zero V
	b)	L-N Zero V, L-E Zero V, N-E 230 V
	c)	L-N 230 V, L-E Zero V, N-E Zero V
	d)	L-N Zero V, L-E 230 V, N-E 230 V
	Resp	onse:
33	Why	may the testing of circuit polarity be unnecessa
	a)	No changes have been made.
	b)	Additions have been installed.
	c)	High Z₅ value has been recorded.
	d)	Alterations have been carried out.
	Resp	onse:
34	Ques	stions 34 to 39 relate to the following scenario.

Periodic inspection and testing of a mobile catering unit is to be carried out as a requirement of the

30

What instrument is used to carry out this test?

Initial and Periodic Inspection and Testing of Electrical Installations (2391-052) Sample Questions

client's insurer.

The supply is from a 3 kVA 230 V single-phase portable generator and is connected as a TN-S system with earth fault protection provided by a BS EN 61008 30 mA RCD.

The catering unit is permanently sited and infrequently moved.

What would this	information	help the ins	pector to	determine?

- a) The condition of the cables.
- b) The amount of sampling required.
- c) The number of RCD tests required.
- d) The number of circuits to be tested.

Response:		
kesponse:		

- What needs to be verified with regard to the mobile catering consumer unit?
  - a) The RCD main switch is rated at  $\geq$  63 A.
  - d) The enclosure is made of polycarbonate.
  - c) The top horizontal surface complies with IP4X.
  - d) The bottom horizontal surface complies with IP4X.

- 36 What is the **maximum** test current applied to the RCD to confirm that fault protection is provided?
  - a) 15 mA
  - b) 30 mA
  - c) 60 mA
  - d) 300 mA

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Response:		

- What is the **maximum** operating time of the RCD, when tested using a test current equal to the residual current rating?
  - a) 40 ms
  - b) 150 ms
  - c) 200 ms
  - d) 300 ms

Response:

38	The	RCD is found to not operate at any test current.
	Wha	at is the <b>most</b> appropriate classification code to record?
	a)	C1
	b)	C2
	c)	C3
	d)	FI
	Res	oonse:
39	Wh	at additional action <b>must</b> the inspector take regarding this observation?
	a)	Inform the client in writing without delay.
	b)	Inform the insurer in writing without delay.
	c)	Remove the portable generator until fault fixed.
	d)	Isolate the installation and prevent re-energising.
	Res	oonse:
40	Que	stions 40 to 46 relate to the following scenario.
		ation resistance has been tested on five new lighting circuits in an existing large distribution ehouse. These circuits are supplied from a new single-phase, five-way DB.
		hing for each circuit is by 230 V contactors. Connection to each light is made using a BS 1363 set-outlet adjacent to the fitting.
	The s	upply and installation form a 400 V three-phase TN-C-S system.
	What	is the <b>correct</b> way to prepare one of these circuits for testing?
	a)	Switch on lights, connect cpc, un-plug lights.
	b)	Switch on lights, disconnect cpc, plug-in lights.
	c)	Bypass contactors, connect cpc, un-plug lights.
	d)	Bypass contactors, disconnect cpc, plug-in lights.
	Res	oonse:
41	Wh	nat affects the insulation resistance of each circuit tested?
	a)	The csa and number of conductors.

The csa and purpose of conductors.

b)

- What is the **legal** status of the inspector?
  - a) Skilled.
  - b) Ordinary.
  - c) Instructed.
  - d) Competent.

Response:		

- 43 What condition can be detected during the insulation resistance test?
  - a) Damage to cable insulation.
  - b) De-rating of cable insulation.
  - c) Degradation of cable insulation.
  - d) Deterioration of cable insulation.

44 The following test results were recorded.

What is the value of insulation resistance between Live and Earth for the new DB with all the lighting circuits connected?

Circuit	Live-Live MΩ	Live-Earth MΩ
Lights 1	190	176
Lights 2	187	20
Lights 3	157	162
Lights 4	122	134
Lights 5	172	178

Figure 1

- a) 13 MΩ
- b) 20 MΩ
- c)  $134 M\Omega$
- d) 178 MΩ

Response:	

45	W	hat is the test voltage applied during the insulation resistance test?
	a)	250 V AC
	b)	500 V AC
	c)	250 V DC
	d)	500 V DC
	Res	ponse:
46		at would be the <b>most</b> appropriate action to take if the result for lighting circuit 1 is 0.95 M $\Omega$ ween live conductors?
	a)	Investigate lighting circuit 1 between Line-Neutral.
	b)	Investigate lighting circuit 1 between Line-Earth.
	c)	Record the result as a non-compliance.
	d)	Record the result as acceptable.
	<i></i> ,	
	Res	oonse:
47	A se	stions 47 to 49 relate to the following scenario.  ction of galvanised trunking is to be inspected as part of periodic inspection and testing of a ory. The trunking contains unsheathed low voltage cables.  is the <b>minimum</b> IP rating for the bottom horizontal surface of the trunking?  IPXXB
	a) b)	IPX4
	c)	IPXXD
	d)	IP2X
	Res	ponse:
48	Wh	ich are the <b>most</b> appropriate human senses to check the <b>security</b> of the trunking lid?
	a)	Sight and smell.
	b)	Touch and sight.
	c)	Smell and hearing.
	d)	Hearing and touch.
	Res	ponse:

	a)	New trunking has been installed.
	b)	New contractors have been appointed.
	c)	New occupiers have purchased the building.
	d)	New cables have been installed in the trunking.
	Res	ponse:
50	Que	estions 50 to 57 relate to the following scenario.
		nuity of a ring final circuit has been tested as part of an initial verification of a new primar ool. All the socket-outlets are connected directly to the ring.
		ircuit loop length is 58 m long, wired in 4 mm <sup>2</sup> live and 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> cpc flat profile cable. The uit is protected by a 32 A BS EN 60898 Type B circuit breaker.
	Whic	h test would detect incorrect polarity of the Live conductors at each socket-outlet?
	a)	Line-Neutral at each socket-outlet.
	b)	Line-Earth at the distribution board.
	c)	Line-Neutral at the distribution board.
	d)	Line-Earth at each socket-outlet.
	Res	ponse:
51	Wha	at is the expected measured $r_1$ value?
	a)	0.27 Ω
	b)	0.32 Ω
	c)	0.43 Ω
	d)	0.52 Ω
	Res	ponse:
52	Wha	at is the expected measured $r_2$ value?
	a)	0.27 Ω
	b)	0.45 Ω
	c)	0.70 Ω
	d)	0.84 Ω
	Resi	ponse:
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

What is the **most** likely reason for carrying out this periodic inspection?

49

53		at pattern of test results is expected at each socket-outlet when the line and neutral ductors are correctly cross-connected?
	2)	Poadings increase around the ring
	a) b)	Readings increase around the ring.  Readings are substantially the same.
	c)	Readings decrease around the ring.
	d)	Readings rise to the centre and then fall.
	_	
	Res	oonse:
54		at is the expected <b>maximum</b> measured value of $R_1+R_n$ for this circuit when the line and neutra ductors are correctly cross connected?
	a)	0.13 Ω
	b)	0.16 Ω
	c)	0.22 Ω
	d)	0.49 Ω
	Res	oonse:
55	Wha	at is a simplified way to verify the $r_1$ and $r_2$ ratio for this circuit?
	a)	$r_1 = r_2 \times 1.67$
	b)	$r_2 = r_1 \times 1.67$
	c)	$r_1 = r_2 \times 2.67$
	d)	$r_2 = r_1 \times 2.67$
	Res	oonse:
56	Whi	ch document would be used to record the values obtained during these tests?
	a)	EIC
	b)	EICR
	c)	SoTR
	d)	SoCD
	Res	oonse:

57	The	installation has a measured $Z_{\text{e}}$ of 0.29 $\Omega.$
	Wh	at is the expected value of $Z_s$ for this circuit?
	a)	0.24 Ω
	b)	0.28 Ω
	c)	0.53 Ω
	d)	0.58 Ω
	Res	oonse:
58		measured $R_1 + R_2$ value for a radial cooker circuit, with a 6 mm $^2$ line conductor and a 2.5 mm $^2$ is 0.29 $\Omega$ .
	What	is the length of this circuit?
	a)	23 m
	b)	28 m
	c)	33 m

Response:

59 Questions 59 and 60 relate to the following scenario.

An earth electrode resistance test has been carried out within a caravan park.

The supply and installation form a 230 V single-phase TT system. The following results were obtained, as shown in Figure 1.

Test	Reading $\Omega$
Test 1	179
Test 2	172
Test 3	168

Figure 1

What value is to be recorded as the earth electrode resistance?

a) 168 Ω

d)

38 m

- b) 173 Ω
- c) 179 Ω
- d) 200 Ω

Response:		

a) 30 mA b) 100 mA c) 300 mA d) 500 mA

What is the maximum rating of RCD that can be used for fault protection on this installation?

60

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Sample Questions 19