City & Guilds Level 3 Diploma in Painting and Decorating (6707-33)

March 2022 Version 2.4





Qualification at a glance

Subject area	Construction
City & Guilds number	6707
Age group approved	16-18, 19+
Entry requirements	None
Assessment	Multiple choice, assignment
Support materials	Centre handbook
	Assessor Guidance
	Task Manual
Registration and	Consult the Walled Garden/Online
certification	Catalogue for last dates

Title and level	City & Guilds number	GLH	TQT	Accreditation number
Level 3 Diploma in Painting and Decorating	6707-33	460	500	600/8592/7

Version and date	Change detail	Section
1.1 July 2013	Test specification for unit 313 (test 5) had been amended	Test specifications under Assessment
1.1 Aug 2013	Correct AC 3.4 – Unit 301/701	Units
2.0 January 2014	Entry requirement information added	Centre requirements
2.1 July 2014	Centre staffing amended	Centre requirements
2.2 Dec 2015	Updated range for LO 1, 3 and 4 in unit 201	Units
2.3 Jan 2019	Updated range for LO 5 in unit 220	Unit
2.4 March 2022	TQT GLH clarification	TQT tables added





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1 Introduction



This document tells you what you need to do to deliver the qualification:

Area	Description
Who is the qualification for?	It is for learners who work or want to work as a Painter and Decorator in the Construction sector.
What does the qualification cover?	It allows learners to learn, develop and practise the skills required for employment and/or career as a general construction operative.
	It covers the following skills:
	 erecting and dismantling access equipment and working platforms
	 applying hangings to walls and ceilings
	 producing specialist finishes for painted decorative work producing specialist architectural finishes for decorative work
	 applying water-borne paint systems using airless equipment
	 applying water-borne paint systems using high volume low pressure (HVLP) spray equipment
Is the qualification part of a framework or initiative?	The qualification is a technical certificate within the Construction Building Apprenticeship Framework.
What opportunities	It allows candidates to progress into employment or to the following City & Guilds qualifications:
for progression are there?	Level 3 NVQ Diploma in Painting & Decorating

Structure

To achieve the **Level 3 Diploma in Painting and Decorating (6707-33)**, learners must achieve all **50** credits from the mandatory units below.

Unit accreditation no.	City & Guilds unit no.	Unit title	Credit value	Guided Learning Hours (GLH)
Mandatory				-
A/504/6719	201/601	Health, safety and welfare in construction	7	70
M/505/0928	220	Erecting and dismantling access equipment and working platforms	3	30
F/504/7029	301/701	Principles of organising, planning and pricing construction work	7	67
F/504/6916	311	Applying hangings to walls and ceilings	7	64
K/505/0930	312	Producing specialist finishes for painted decorative work	7	64
M/504/6782	313	Producing specialist architectural finishes for decorative work	5	45
K/504/6781	314	Applying water- borne paint systems using airless equipment	7	60
H/504/6780	331	Applying water- borne paint systems using High Volume Low Pressure (HVLP) spray equipment	7	60

Total Qualification Time

Total Qualification Time (TQT) is the total amount of time, in hours, expected to be spent by a Learner to achieve a qualification. It includes both guided learning hours (which are listed separately) and hours spent in preparation, study and assessment.

Title and level	GLH	TQT	
Level 3 Diploma in Painting and Decorating (6707-33)	460	500	

Centre requirements



Approval

The approval process for Construction qualifications is available at our website. Please visit **www.cityandguilds.com/construction** for further information.

Resource requirements

Physical resources and site agreements

Centres will have well equipped workshops with a comprehensive range of hand and portable power tools that meet current industry standards. All powered equipment should be well maintained and PAT certified. Centres will have special designated areas within Painting and decorating workshop (cubicles or project areas) allowing candidates to practice the requirements of the units and carry out the Practical Assignments.

Centre staffing

All staff who assess (tutor/deliver) these qualifications must:

- have recent relevant experience in the specific area they will be teaching;
- be technically competent in the area for which they are delivering training and/or have experience of providing training;
- have a CV available demonstrating relevant experience and any qualifications held.

All staff who quality assure these qualifications must:

- have a good working knowledge and experience within the construction industry;
- have an established strategy and documentary audit trail of internal quality assurance;
- have a good working knowledge of quality assurance procedures;
- have a CV available demonstrating relevant experience and any qualifications held.

While the Assessor/Verifier (A/V) units/TAQA are valued as qualifications for centre staff, they are not currently a requirement for these qualifications. However, we encourage trainers and assessors to qualify to the current TAQA standard.

Continuing professional development (CPD)

Centres must support their staff to ensure that they have current knowledge of the occupational area, that delivery, mentoring, training, assessment and verification is in line with best practice, and that it takes account of any national or legislative developments.

Learner entry requirements:

Whilst there are no formal entry requirements for this qualification, learners are advised to take the Level 1 and Level 2 Diplomas in order to ensure they have the right skills and knowledge for Level 3. Alternatively, the learner should provide evidence of significant industry experience, at the centres discretion.

Age restrictions

City & Guilds cannot accept any registrations for learners under 16 as this qualification is not approved for under 16s.

2 Delivering the qualification



Initial assessment and induction

An initial assessment of each learner should be made before the start of their programme to identify:

- if the learner has any specific training needs,
- support and guidance they may need when working towards their qualification.
- any units they have already completed, or credit they have accumulated which is relevant to the qualification
- the appropriate type and level of qualification.

We recommend that centres provide an induction programme so the learner fully understands the requirements of the qualification], their responsibilities as a learner, and the responsibilities of the centre. This information can be recorded on a learning contract.

Support materials

The following resources are available for this qualification:

Description	How to access
Assessor guidance	www.cityandguilds.com
Task manual	www.cityandguilds.com
Qualification approval form	www.cityandguilds.com/construction
SmartScreen	www.smartscreen.co.uk



3 Assessment

Unit	Title	Assessment method	Where to obtain assessment materials
201/ 601	Health, safety and welfare in construction	City & Guilds e-volve multiple choice test or on demand externally marked paper. The test covers all of the knowledge in the unit.	Examinations provided on e-volve, or question papers ordered via Walled Garden.
301/7 01	Principles of organising, planning and pricing construction work	City & Guilds e-volve multiple choice test or on demand externally marked paper. The test covers all of the knowledge in the unit.	Examinations provided on e-volve, or question papers ordered via Walled Garden.
220	Erecting and dismantling access equipment and working platforms	Multiple choice question paper, covering knowledge outcomes. Practical assignment, covering performance outcomes. Both assessments are set by City & Guilds, delivered and marked by the tutor/assessor, and will be externally verified by City & Guilds to make sure they are properly carried out.	www.cityandguilds.c

Unit	Title	Assessment method	Where to obtain assessment materials
311	Applying hangings to walls and ceilings	Multiple choice question paper, covering knowledge outcomes. Practical assignment, covering performance outcomes. Both assessments are set by City & Guilds, delivered and marked by the tutor/assessor, and will be externally verified by City & Guilds to make sure they are properly carried out.	www.cityandguilds.c
312	Producing specialist finishes for painted decorative work	Multiple choice question paper, covering knowledge outcomes. Practical assignment, covering performance outcomes. Both assessments are set by City & Guilds, delivered and marked by the tutor/assessor, and will be externally verified by City & Guilds to make sure they are properly carried out.	www.cityandguilds.c
313	Producing specialist architectural finishes for decorative work	Multiple choice question paper, covering knowledge outcomes. Practical assignment, covering performance outcomes. Both assessments are set by City & Guilds, delivered and marked by the tutor/assessor, and will be externally verified by City & Guilds to make sure they are properly carried out.	www.cityandguilds.c

Unit	Title	Assessment method	Where to obtain assessment materials
314	Applying water- borne paint systems using airless equipment	Multiple choice question paper, covering knowledge outcomes. Practical assignment, covering performance outcomes. Both assessments are set by City & Guilds, delivered and marked by the tutor/assessor, and will be externally verified by City & Guilds to make sure they are properly carried out.	www.cityandguilds.c
331	Applying water-borne paint systems using High Volume Low Pressure (HVLP) spray equipment	Multiple choice question paper, covering knowledge outcomes. Practical assignment, covering performance outcomes. Both assessments are set by City & Guilds, delivered and marked by the tutor/assessor, and will be externally verified by City & Guilds to make sure they are properly carried out.	www.cityandguilds.c

Test specifications

The way the knowledge is covered by each test is laid out in the tables below:

Test 1: Unit 301/701 Principles of organising, planning and pricing

construction work

Duration: 60 minutes

Unit	Outcome	Number of questions	%
301/701	Understand different types of drawn information in construction	7	17.5
	2 Understand energy efficiency and sustainable materials for construction	8	20
	3 Understand how to estimate quantities and price work for construction	10	25
	4 Understand how to plan work activities for construction	6	15
	5 Understand how to communicate effectively in the workplace	9	22.5
	Total	39	100

Test 2: Unit 220 Erecting and dismantling access equipment and

working platforms

Duration: 30 minutes

Unit	Outcome	Number of questions	%
220	1Understand the preparation required for using access equipment and working platforms	4	20
	3 Understand how to check access equipment and identify faults	8	40
	5 Understand how to erect access equipment and working platforms	6	30

Total 20 100

Test 3: Unit 311 Applying hangings to walls and ceilings

Duration: 75 minutes

Unit	Outcome	Number of questions	%
311	Understand methods used in wallpaper production, trimming and jointing	12	25
	2 Understand how to select and prepare adhesives	6	13
	4 Understand how to apply papers to ceilings, walls and complex surfaces	16	33
	6 Understand how to hang wide width vinyls	5	10
	8 Understand how to hang specialist papers	7	15
	10 Know how to store materials	2	4
	Total	48	100

Test 4 Unit 312 Producing specialist finishes for painted

decorative work

Duration: 60 minutes

Unit	Outcome	Number of questions	%
312	2 Understand how to prepare multi plate and apply stencils	15	39
	4Understand how to replicate different types of wood using graining methods	12	32
	6 Understand how to replicate marble	6	16

Test 5: Duration:	Unit 313 Producing specialist architectur decorative work 40 minutes	al finishes for	
Unit	Outcome	Number of questions	%
313	1 Understand how to set out and install centre-pieces	10	42
	3 Understand how to set out and install covings	14	58
	Total	24	100

Test 6: Unit 314 Applying water-borne paint systems using airless

equipment

Duration: 60 minutes

Unit	Outcome	Number of questions	%
314	1 Understand how to prepare work areas by protecting adjacent surfaces, furniture and fittings	6	17
	3 Understand how to select components and produce a working airless spray unit	8	23
	5 Understand how to apply water-borne coatings by airless spray	9	26

 7 Know how to rectify faults in spray equipment and defects in applied coatings	7	20
9 Know how to clean, maintain and store airless spray equipment and materials	5	14
 Total	35	100

Test 7: Unit 331 Applying water-borne paint systems using high

volume- low pressure (HVLP) spray equipment

Duration: 50 minutes

Unit	Outcome	Number of questions	%
331	1 Understand how to prepare work areas by protecting adjacent surfaces, furniture and fitting using high volume low-pressure spray equipment (HVLP)	6	20
	3 Understand how to set up HVLP spray equipment and materials for spray application	12	40
	5 Know how to rectify faults in spray equipment and defects in applied coatings	7	23
	7 Know how to clean, maintain and store HVLP spray equipment and materials	5	17
	Total	30	100

Test 8: Unit 201/601 Health, safety and welfare in construction

Duration: 1 hour

Unit	Outcome	Number of questions	%
201/601	1 Know the health and safety regulations, roles and responsibilities	7	17.5
	2 Know accident and emergency reporting procedures and documentation	5	12.5
	3 Know how to identify hazards in the workplace	7	17.5
	4 Know about health and welfare in the workplace	3	7.5
	5 Know about how to handle materials and equipment safely	2	5
	6 Know about access equipment and working at heights	3	7.5
	7 Know how to work with electrical equipment in the workplace	4	10
	8 Know how to use personal protective equipment (PPE)	5	12.5
	9 Know the cause of fire and fire emergency procedures	4	10
	Total	40	100

4 Units

Structure of units

These units each have the following:

- City & Guilds reference number
- unit accreditation number (UAN)
- title
- level
- credit value
- guided learning hours
- unit aim
- learning outcomes which are comprised of a number of assessment criteria

Range explained:

Range gives further scope on what areas within assessment criteria must be covered. The range in a unit **must** be taught to learners and parts of the range will be assessed.

Glossary of terms:

The following key words and terms are used in the units.

Ball-pien hammer	Small hand held hammer used with nail punches and when placing sprigs in window frames etc
Broom	Sweeping brush
Cherry Pickers	Motor vehicle which has an extendable boom with cage where operatives stand in when painting high points/areas on buildings/bridges etc
Caulking blades	Refers to caulk boards plastic/stiff rubber
Chisel knife	Small 1inch/25mm scraper used to assist operatives removing small drawing pins, staples etc during preparation of surfaces
Curtains	Heavy build up of paint/coating sliding down surface
Drop sheets	Large dust sheets
HVLP	High volume low pressure
Making good	Preparing surfaces ready for decoration etc

Paper hanging shears	Paperhanging scissors	
Pop ups	Small podium scaffold which can be collapsed down when not in use	
Outriggers	Stabilisers on mobile tower scaffolds	
Scuttle	Roller bucket	
Skid marks	Roller head slides across surface during application of coatings	
Starting lines	Starting lines	
Swingbacks	Back frame of a step ladder	
Wood ingrain	Woodchip paper	

Unit 201/601 Health, safety and welfare in construction

UAN:	A/504/6719
Level:	2
Credit value:	7
GLH:	70
Endorsement by a sector or regulatory body:	This unit is endorsed by Construction Skills, the Sector Skills Council for the construction industry.
Aim:	The aim of this unit is to provide the learner with the knowledge to carry out safe working practices in construction, in relation to sourcing relevant safety information and using the relevant safety procedures at work

Learning outcome

The learner will:

1. know the health and safety regulations, roles and responsibilities

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 1.1 identify **health and safety legislation** relevant to and used in the construction environment
- state **employer and employee responsibilitie**s under the Health and Safety at Work Act (HASWA)
- 1.3 state **roles and responsibilities** of the Health and Safety Executive (HSE)
- identify **organisations** providing relevant health and safety information
- 1.5 state the importance of holding on-site safety inductions and toolbox talks.

Range

Health and safety legislation

Health and Safety at Work Act, Reporting Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR), Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH), Construction, Design and Management (CDM) regulations, Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulations (PUWER), manual handling operations Regulations, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) at Work Regulations, Work at Height Regulations, Control of Noise at Work Regulations, Control of Vibration at Work Regulations, Electricity at Work Regulations, Lifting operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations (LOLER)

Employer responsibilities

Safe working environment, adequate staff training, health and safety information, site inductions, toolbox talks, risk assessment, supervision, PPE, reporting hazards, accidents and near misses, sections 2 to 9 of Health and Safety at Work Act, CDM reg's, construction phase plans, welfare, display public liability Insurance and health and safety law poster.

Employee responsibilities

Working safely, working in partnership with the employer, reporting hazards, accidents and near misses, following organisational procedures as per Sections 2 to 9 of Health and Safety at Work Act.

Roles and responsibilities:

Enforcement (including fees for intervention), legislation and advice, inspection, investigation eg site investigations.

Organisations

Health and Safety Executive (HSE) website, Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, British Safety Council, 'manufacturer', ROSPA.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

2. know accident and emergency reporting procedures and documentation

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 2.1 state legislation used for reporting accidents
- 2.2 state major **types of emergencies** that could occur in the workplace
- 2.3 identify reportable injuries, diseases and dangerous occurrences as per RIDDOR
- 2.4 state main types of **records** used in the event of an accident, emergency and near miss and reasons for reporting them
- 2.5 identify **authorised personnel** involved in dealing with accident and emergency situations

2.6 state **actions** to take when discovering an accident.

Range

Types of emergencies

Fires, security incidents, gas leaks.

Records:

Accident book, first aid records, organisational records and documentation.

Authorised personnel

First aiders, supervisors/managers, health and safety executive, emergency services, safety officer.

Actions

Area made safe, call for help, emergency services.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

3. know how to identify hazards in the workplace

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 3.1 state the importance of good housekeeping
- 3.2 state reasons for risk assessments and method statements
- 3.3 identify **types of hazards** in the workplace
- 3.4 state the importance of the correct storage of combustibles and chemicals on site
- 3.5 identify different **signs and safety notices** used in the workplace.

Range

Good housekeeping:

Cleanliness, tidiness, use of skips and chutes, segregation of materials, clear access to fire escapes, clear access to fire extinguishers.

Types of hazards:

Fires, slips, trips and falls, hazardous substances (relating to inhalation, absorption, exposure, ingestion, cross-contamination), electrical, asbestos, manual handling, plant and vehicle movement, adverse weather.

Signs and safety notices:

Prohibition, mandatory, warning, safe condition, supplementary.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

4. know about health and welfare in the workplace

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- identify requirements for welfare facilities in the workplace as per Construction Design Management (CDM)
- 4.2 state health effects of noise and **precautions** that can be taken
- 4.3 state **risks** associated with drugs, alcohol and medication which could affect performance in the workplace.

Range

Precautions

Reducing noise at source, PPE, isolation, exposure time.

Risks

Reduced risk perception, loss of concentration, balance problems, absenteeism and reduced productivity.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

5. know how to handle materials and equipment safely

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 5.1 identify legislation relating to safe handling of materials and equipment
- 5.2 state procedures for safe lifting and manual handling activities in accordance with guidance and legislation
- 5.3 state the importance of using **lifting aids** when handling materials and equipment.

Range

Lifting aids

Wheelbarrow, sack barrow, mechanical lifting aids, pallet truck.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

6. know about access equipment and working at heights

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 6.1 identify legislation relating to working at heights
- 6.2 identify types of access equipment
- 6.3 state safe methods of use for access equipment
- 6.4 identify **dangers** of working at height.

Range

Access equipment:

Stepladders, ladders (pole, extension), trestles, hop-ups, proprietary scaffolding, podium, stilts

Safe methods

Regular inspection, check for broken, damaged or missing components, responsible use, consideration of adverse weather conditions, good housekeeping

Dangers

Falling tools, falling equipment, falling materials, persons falling from height (injuries to themselves and others).

Learning outcome

The learner will:

7. know how to work with electrical equipment in the workplace

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 7.1 state **precautions** to take to avoid risks to self and others when working with electrical equipment
- 7.2 state **dangers** of using electrical equipment
- 7.3 identify **voltages** and voltage colour coding that are used in the workplace
- 7.4 state **methods** of storing electrical equipment.

Range

Precautions

Check leads, check plugs, use of cable hangers, check tools and equipment, current valid PAT certificate

Dangers:

Burns, electrocution, fire.

Voltages

Battery powered, 110/115 volts, 230/240 volts and 415 volts.

Methods

Components present, equipment cleaned, checked for damage, stored in a clean and secure location.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

8. know how to use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 8.1 state the legislation governing use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
- 8.2 state **types of PPE** used in the workplace
- 8.3 state the importance of PPE
- 8.4 state why it is important to store, maintain and use PPE correctly
- 8.5 state the importance of checking and reporting damaged PPE.

Range

PPE:

Head protection, eye protection, ear protection, face/dust masks, breathing apparatus, high visibility clothing, safety footwear, gloves,

sun protection, barrier cream, water proofs, knee pads, overalls/disposable clothing

Learning outcome

The learner will:

9. know the cause of fire and fire emergency procedures

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 9.1 state **elements** essential to creating a fire
- 9.2 identify methods of fire prevention
- 9.3 state actions to be taken on discovering a fire
- 9.4 state **types of fire extinguishers** and their uses.

Range

Elements

Oxygen, fuel, heat.

Types of fire extinguishers:

Water, foam, CO₂, dry powder.

Unit 301/701 Principles of organising, planning and pricing construction work

UAN:	F/504/7029
Level:	3
Credit value:	7
GLH:	67
Endorsement by a sector or regulatory body:	This unit is endorsed by ConstructionSkills
Aim:	The aim of this unit is to provide the learner with the knowledge of building methods and construction technology in relation to: • understanding a range of building materials used within the construction industry and their suitability to the construction of modern buildings. • organise the building process and communicate the design to work colleagues and others.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

10. understand different types of drawn information in construction

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 10.1 compare advantages and disadvantages of computer-aided design (CAD) programs to traditional drawing methods
- 10.2 explain **information** required to produce orthographic projection drawings
- 10.3 explain the process and purpose of producing a schedule from a drawing
- 10.4 explain the **benefits** of isometric projection drawings
- 10.5 explain **information** required to produce isometric projection drawings.

Range

Information (AC1.2)

Room dimensions, heights, width, sizes, heights and positions of walls, doors and window specifications, building regulations

Benefits

Pictorial view of an object, assembly or design.

Helps the client, customer, supplier or non-technical person understand how the finished product will look or what is required.

Information (AC1.5)

Isometric axis, positioning and required view of the object, lines or surfaces relative to isometric axis. Object dimensions and scale.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

11. understand energy efficiency and sustainable materials for construction

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 11.1 evaluate the uses of thermally insulated materials
- 11.2 describe construction methods used to insulate against heat loss and gain
- 11.3 compare thermal values of wall construction
- 11.4 explain the purpose of an Energy Performance Certificate (EPC)
- 11.5 describe **sustainable materials** and their use in construction.

Range

Materials

Polyisocyanurate (PIR), expanded polystyrene (EP) fibre glass, sheep wool, mineral wool, double glazed units, multi-foil insulation.

Construction methods

location of insulation, selection of materials, compliance with Building Regulations

Wall construction

Cavity, solid and timber frame

Sustainable materials

Locally sourced, managed timber (FSC), recycled materials.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

understand how to estimate quantities and price work for construction

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 12.1 describe how to estimate quantities of construction materials
- 12.2 describe information required to prepare a materials list using a schedule
- 12.3 explain the purpose of preferred suppliers lists when ordering materials
- 12.4 explain the purpose of the Bill of quantities
- 12.5 explain the purpose of the tendering process
- 12.6 explain the difference between quoting and estimating
- 12.7 calculate waste percentages for a construction task
- 12.8 describe the information required to prepare a quote.

Range

information required (AC3.2)

Quantity, quality, colour, dimensions, location, installation details

Information required (AC3.8)

Labour, operational costs, VAT, Material cost

Learning outcome

The learner will:

13. understand how to plan work activities for construction

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 13.1 outline the benefits of planning the sequence of **material and** labour requirements
- 13.2 outline advantages and disadvantages of purchasing or hiring plant and equipment
- 13.3 identify planning methods
- 13.4 identify information required to produce a GANTT chart for a building project.

Range

Planning

Programmes of work, stock systems, critical path analysis, lead time, schedules, Gantt chart.

Planning methods

GANTT chart, critical path analysis.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

14. understand how to communicate effectively in the workplace

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 14.1 explain the purpose of site documentation
- 14.2 identify information to create an agenda for a meeting
- 14.3 explain information required to prepare a toolbox talk and site induction
- 14.4 explain the purpose of a site survey and the information required to prepare a **defects list**
- 14.5 describe information required to prepare written communications to resolve **problems**.

Range

Site documentation

Organisation chart, method statement, risk assessment, manufacturers' technical information, delivery notes, variation orders, permits to work, diaries, minutes, memos.

Defects

Poor standard of work, poor quality of materials, damaged materials, human error

Problems

Delivery, materials, quality, human resources.

Unit 220 Erecting and dismantling access equipment and working platforms

UAN:	M/505/0928
Level:	2
Credit value:	3
GLH:	30
Aim:	The aim of this unit is to provide the learner wit the skills and knowledge required to erect and dismantle access equipment and working platforms

Learning outcome

The learner will:

 understand the preparation required for using access equipment and working platforms.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- explain factors to be considered when selecting access equipment and working platforms
- 1.2 identify suitable access equipment and working platforms for types of internal and external work
- outline how manufacturers' specifications and legislative requirements relate to Work at Height Regulations.

Range

Factors

Ground conditions, height, type and duration of work, weather conditions, internal/external locations, access and egress.

Access equipment and working platforms

Ladders, stepladders, proprietary towers, trestle platforms, stepladders/ platform steps, proprietary staging and podiums, scaffold board.

Manufacturers' specifications and legislative requirements Work at Height Regulations.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

be able to prepare for using access equipment and working platforms.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 2.1 select suitable access equipment and working platforms for types of internal and external work
- 2.2 produce risk assessments in line with manufacturer's instructions and legislative requirements for access equipment and working platforms.

Range

Access equipment and working platforms

Ladders, stepladders, proprietary towers, trestle platforms, stepladders/ platform steps, proprietary staging and podiums, scaffold board.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

3. understand how to check access equipment and identify faults.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 3.1 describe the function of access equipment components
- 3.2 identify **hazards** associated with the use of access equipment and working platforms
- 3.3 explain the reasons for **inspections** and **inspection time periods**
- 3.4 state the procedure for carrying out visual checks on **access equipment** prior to use.

Range

Access equipment components

Stiles, rungs, tie rods, ropes, treads, hinges, swingbacks, locking bars, non-slip inserts, scaffold boards, platform staging, tubes, boards, fittings, scaffold board.

Tubes: Standard, transoms ad boarded transoms, ledgers, bracers, rails. Fittings: Coupler, couplet, base plate.

Hazards

Falls from heights, slips, trips, cuts and abrasions, faulty equipment.

Inspections

Pre-erection, in-use.

Inspection time periods

Pre-erection, post erection, handing over, post accident and incident, inclement weather.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

4. be able to check access equipment.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 4.1 select suitable access equipment components
- 4.2 check access equipment components
- 4.3 adjust defective **access equipment components** to ensure they are safe to use.

Range

Access equipment components

Scaffold tags, ladders (stiles, rungs, tie, rods) treads, hinges, swingbacks, locking bars, non-slip inserts, clip-on platforms, access stairs, access hatches, braces, working platforms, stabilisers, outriggers.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

5. understand how to erect access equipment and working platforms.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 5.1 explain the benefits of a risk assessment for access equipment and working platforms
- 5.2 identify suitable **personal protective equipment (PPE)** for erecting **access equipment and working platforms**
- 5.3 explain the reasons for correct manual handling of components when erecting access equipment and working platforms
- 5.4 state the main implications of Work at Height Regulations in relation to use of access equipment and working platforms
- 5.5 explain the purpose of **regulation dimensions**.

Range

PPE

Hard hats, gloves, eye protection, steel toe capped boots, overalls, high visibility jacket/vest, fixed length and fall arrest.

Access equipment and working platforms

Ladders, proprietary towers, trestle platforms, stepladders and platform steps, proprietary staging and podiums, scaffold board.

Regulation dimensions

Hand rail location, guard rail location, toe boards, maximum working heights, platform widths, base to height ratios (ladders only)

Learning outcome

The learner will:

6. be able to erect access equipment and working platforms.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 6.1 use personal protective equipment (PPE) when erecting access equipment and working platforms
- 6.2 erect access equipment and working platforms in the correct sequence to ensure it is safe for use
- 6.3 secure access equipment and working platforms where required
- 6.4 check access equipment and working platforms meet current environmental and health and safety regulations.

Range

Access equipment and working platforms

Ladders, proprietary towers, trestle platforms, stepladders and platform steps, proprietary staging and podiums, scaffold boards.

Environmental and health and safety regulations

Work at Height Regulations 2006.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

7. understand how to dismantle and store components.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 7.1 explain the correct sequence of dismantling access equipment and working platforms
- 7.2 explain storage requirements for access equipment and working platforms.

Range

Access equipment and working platforms

Ladders, proprietary towers, trestle platforms, stepladders and platform steps, proprietary staging and podiums, scaffold boards.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

8. be able to dismantle and store components.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

8.1 dismantle and store access equipment and working platforms in accordance with organisational requirements.

Access equipment and working platforms

Ladders, proprietary towers, trestle platforms, stepladders and platform steps, proprietary staging and podiums.

Unit 311 Applying hangings to walls and ceilings

UAN:	F/504/6916	
Level:	3	
Credit value:	7	
GLH:	64	
Aim:	The aim of this unit is to provide the learner with the skills and knowledge required to apply hangings to walls and ceilings.	

Learning outcome

The learner will:

1. understand methods used in wallpaper production and the trimming and jointing methods required.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 1.1 describe methods of production
- 1.2 describe **printing methods**
- 1.3 identify pattern types
- 1.4 identify **paper types** and their characteristics
- 1.5 describe appropriate locations for a range of paper types
- 1.6 describe methods for trimming paper types and tools and equipment required
- 1.7 describe the importance of accurate trimming when removing a selvedge
- 1.8 describe methods of jointing, for paper types and tools and equipment required when hanging
- 1.9 identify international performance symbols.

Range

Methods of production

Wet embossing, laminating, dry embossing, heat expansion, particles onto wet adhesive.

Printing methods

Block, screen, machine, wet, dry, embossing.

Pattern types

Set/straight match, drop/offset match, random/free match.

Paper types/wall coverings

Pulps, relief, washable, vinyl, duplex, simplex, wide width vinyls (fabric-backed vinyl, paper-backed vinyl), supadurables, glass fibre, foil damp, photo murals, metallics, flock, hessian, warps/weftless, lincrusta, hand-print, paper-backed fabrics

Methods for trimming

Pre-trimmed, remove selvedge.

Tools and equipment:

Metal straight edge and trimming knife, fabric-backed vinyl joint cutter, tape measure, folding rule, plumb bob, spirit level, paperhanging shears, sponges, paperhanging brush, rubber rollers, felt rollers, spatulas, seam roller, trimming knives, paste brush, access equipment, pencil, paste table, buckets, troughs, protective strip (plastic for paper backed wide-width vinyls, zinc), chalk and line.

Methods of jointing

Butt joint, overlap, cut.

International performance symbols

Spongeable, washable, super-washable, scrubbable, moderate light fastness, good light fastness, strippable, peelable, ready pasted, pastethe-wall, free match, straight match, offset match, design/distance repeat, direction of hanging, co-ordinated fabric available, reverse alternate lengths.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

2. know how to select and prepare adhesives.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 2.1 state papers for which adhesives are suitable
- 2.2 explain advantages and disadvantages of adhesives
- 2.3 describe **factors** that may affect the consistency of adhesives
- 2.4 describe how **defects** can occur due to incorrect consistency of adhesives.

Range

Papers/wallcoverings

Pulps, relief, (anaglypta) washable, vinyl, duplex, simplex, wide width vinyls (fabric-backed vinyl, paper-backed vinyl), supadurables, glass fibre, foil damp, photo murals, metallics, flock, hessian, warps/weftless, lincrusta, hand-print, paper-backed fabrics

Adhesives

Cellulose paste, starch paste, PVA, ready-mixed (heavy weight), proprietary (easy strip, light, medium, heavy), overlap, Lincrusta glue, foil damp

Advantages and disadvantages

Ease of application, adhesive properties, marking/staining, mould inhibitor.

Factors

Incorrect preparation, paper type, paper weight, room/air temperature, surface.

Defects

Blisters, delamination, stretching, tearing, lack of adhesion.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

3. be able to select and prepare adhesives.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 3.1 select adhesive for work activity
- 3.2 use adhesives in accordance with manufacturers' instructions
- 3.3 prepare adhesives without lumps
- 3.4 adjust consistency of adhesives to suit paper type
- 3.5 follow current requirements of health and safety and environmental regulations.

Range

Adhesive (select appropriate)

Cellulose paste, starch paste, PVA, ready-mixed (heavy weight), proprietary (easy strip, light, medium, heavy), overlap, Lincrusta glue.

Health and safety and environmental regulations

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH), Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), disposal of waste, cuts and abrasions, dermatitis, dust inhalation, burns, electrical safety, work at heights regulations, risk assessment, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Learning outcome

The learner will:

4. understand how to apply papers to ceilings, walls and complex surfaces.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 4.1 explain factors to be considered when planning
- 4.2 explain the use of papers and pattern type
- 4.3 describe why lining is advisable in different circumstances
- describe **girthing and area methods** for calculating the quantity of **paper** for different **pattern types**
- 4.5 explain **factors** to consider when cutting papers
- 4.6 explain the reason for 'marking lines'

- 4.7 describe the **faults** caused by careless pasting
- 4.8 describe how to rectify **faults** caused by careless pasting
- 4.9 explain the reasons for selecting concertina and end-to-end/lap folds, for horizontal and vertical lengths
- 4.10 describe reasons for using different **pasting methods** for different **papers**
- 4.11 explain which types of **cutting equipment** should be used for different types of papers
- 4.12 describe the process used for hanging papers
- 4.13 describe working practices relating to health and safety issues
- 4.14 explain the causes of the **defects** and how they can be prevented
- 4.15 state the implications of not maintaining the **paperhanging tools** in a clean and cared for condition.

Factors (AC4.1)

Ceilings, walls, staircases, sloping ceiling/dormer window, free- standing column/pillar, ceiling of above average span alcove/niche/ arch, starting point, finishing point, centring, doors, window reveals, features/ obstacles, borders.

Papers/wallcoverings

Lining (two qualities), embossed, blown vinyl, standard (washable, vinyl), ready-pasted, borders, solvent-painted wall, excessive making good, type of finishing paper.

Pattern types

Bold patterns, fine print, chintz

Girthing and area methods

Standard widths, non-standard widths

Factors (AC4.5)

Pattern type (bold with prominent repeat, small or indefinite pattern), pattern match (set/straight, offset/drop), batches, wastage, shading/colour

Marking lines

Occasions: first drop on wall, after internal/external angle, over and around reveals position: horizontal, vertical method: sprit level, plumb bob considerations: access required, light source, room dimensions, economy.

Faults

Dry edges, blistering, delaminating, joint gapping, paste staining, polishing, sheen patches, staining, tearing.

Pasting methods

Pasting machine, brush, roller, ready pasted.

Cutting equipment:

Shears, knife and straight edge and casing wheel.

Hanging papers/wall coverings

Processes: practical hanging and trimming of patterned (set/straight match, drop match) papers and with borders to walls only with internal and external angles, sockets/switches/ceiling rose, window reveals. Using: cutting methods (star cut and half star cut, mitres)

To: ceilings, walls, stairwells, sloping ceiling/dormer window, freestanding column/pillar, ceiling of above average span, alcove/niche/arch.

Health and safety issues

The work at height regulations, sharp blades, electrical safety, COSHH, disposal of waste.

Defects

Creasing, inaccurate angle cutting, loss of emboss, mould growth, overlapping, poor matching, shading, tearing.

Paper hanging tools

Tape measure, folding ruler, plumb bob, spirit level, paperhanging shears, sponges, paperhanging brush, trimming knives, caulker, pencil, spatulas, access equipment, paste brush, buckets, rubbish containers/bags, metal straight edge and trimming knife, chalk and line, troughs, paste table.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

5. be able to apply papers to ceilings, walls and complex surfaces.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 5.1 plan the **position** of paper-hangings
- 5.2 select, position and erect access equipment
- 5.3 select tools and equipment to complete tasks
- 5.4 calculate quantities of paper using both girthing and area methods
- 5.5 measure and cut lengths with the minimum of waste
- 5.6 plan, measure and mark starting lines, taking into account:
 - a. occasions
 - b. **position**
 - c. methods
 - d. considerations
- 5.7 **paste** paper without misses, fold lengths and soak
- 5.8 apply papers and pattern types with minimum defects
- 5.9 cut papers neatly to the top, bottom and around obstacles, maintaining cleanliness
- 5.10 follow current environmental and health and safety regulations.

Position

Ceilings, walls, staircases, sloping ceiling/dormer window, free-standing column/pillar, ceiling of above average span alcove/niche/arch.

Tools and equipment

Tape measure, folding ruler, plumb bob, spirit level, paperhanging shears, sponges, paperhanging brush, trimming knives, caulker, pencil, spatulas, access equipment, paste brush, buckets, rubbish containers/bags, metal straight edge and trimming knife, chalk line, troughs, paste table.

Occasions

First drop on wall, after internal/external angle, over and around reveals.

Position

Horizontal, vertical.

Methods (select appropriate method) Sprit level, plumb bob, laser level.

Considerations

Access required, light source, room dimensions, economy.

Paste

Factors: mixing, consistency, application sequence, faults (misses, excess paste, paste staining, discolouration), methods (pasting machine, brush, roller, ready pasted), folds (end-to-centre, concertina).

Apply papers/wall coverings

Processes: practical hanging and trimming of patterned (set/straight match, drop match) papers and with borders to walls only with internal and external angles, sockets/switches/ceilingrose, window reveals. Using: cutting methods (star cut and half star cut, mitres)

To: ceilings, walls, stairwells, sloping ceiling/dormer window, freestanding column/pillar, ceiling of above average span, alcove/ niche/ arch

Defects

Creasing, overlaps, blisters, tears, delamination, polished edges, open joints, loose edges, irregular cutting, inaccurate matching, flattening of emboss, staining or surface marking, corners incorrectly negotiated, inaccurate plumbing.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

6. understand how to hang wide-width vinyls.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

6.1 explain the reasons for checking the **suitability** of the surface in relation to the need to make good and prime, when hanging paper-backed and fabric-backed papers

- 6.2 explain the implications and importance of each **stage** of the manufacturers' instructions
- 6.3 state the maintenance and cleaning of wide-width vinyls
- 6.4 explain the causes of **defects** and how they can be prevented.

Suitability

Make good and prime for hanging paper-backed and fabric backed papers.

Stage

Surface preparation, material type, internal angles, adhesive type and application method, directional hanging advice, process of cutting from rolls (descending order), use of full width material (no off-cuts or out-of-sequence drops), shading checks, use of spatula, jointing methods, health and safety advice.

Defects

Shading, springing joints, surface marking/staining.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

7. be able to hang paper backed and fabric backed wide-width vinyls.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 7.1 check the surface suitability
- 7.2 plan the position of vinyls
- 7.3 select, position and erect appropriate access equipment
- 7.4 select tools and equipment appropriate to the task
- 7.5 calculate quantities of paper-backed and fabric-backed papers using both girthing and areas methods
- 7.6 plan, measure and mark starting lines, taking into account:
 - a. occasions
 - b. position
 - c. methods
 - d. considerations
- 7.7 follow manufacturers' instructions for hanging wide-width vinyls
- 7.8 cut paper neatly to obstacles, maintaining cleanliness
- 7.9 follow current health and safety and environmental regulations.

Range

Surface suitability

Rectify if required (prime and make good)

Tools and equipment

Metal straight edge and trimming knife, fabric-backed vinyl joint cutter, spatulas, sponges, access equipment, pencil, tape measure, folding

rule, plumb bob, spirit level, plastic protective strip, paste tables, pasting roller/brush, rubbish, containers/bags, buckets.

Occasions

First drop on wall, after internal/external angle, over and around reveals.

Position

Horizontal, vertical.

Methods (select appropriate method) Sprit level, plumb bob, laser level.

Considerations

Access required, light source, room dimensions, economy.

Manufacturers' instructions

Surface preparation, material type, internal angles, adhesive type and application method, directional hanging advice, process of cutting from rolls (descending order), use of full width material (no off-cuts/out-of-sequence drops), shading checks, use of spatula, jointing methods, health and safety advice.

Health and safety and environmental regulations

Electrical safety, sharp blades, COSHH, work at height regulations, disposal of waste.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

8. understand how to hang specialist papers.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 8.1 explain reasons for checking the **suitability of the surface** when hanging **specialist papers**
- 8.2 compare **advantages and disadvantages** for specifying use of each **specialist paper**
- 8.3 explain factors to be considered when planning
- 8.4 describe girthing and area methods for calculating the quantity of paper for specialist papers
- 8.5 explain **factors** to consider when cutting specialist papers
- 8.6 describe how **careless pasting** can cause the faults in relation to the specialist paper, and their prevention and repair
- 8.7 explain the implications and importance of each **stage** of the manufacturers' instructions for specialist papers
- 8.8 explain **causes** of **defects** that occur with specialist papers and how they can be prevented
- 8.9 explain the selection of **methods of trimming** for each of the **specialist papers**
- 8.10 explain why trimming techniques for Lincrusta differ from techniques used for other specialist papers.

Suitability of the surface

Make good, prime and line.

Specialist papers/wall coverings

Paper-backed fabric, Lincrusta, hand print, flock or other decorative specialist papers (eg warps/weftless, supadurables, hessian, metallics, glass fibre) etc.

Advantages and disadvantages

Decorative, cost, ease of application, textured, durability, cleaning dampen sound

Factors

Starting point, finishing point, internal and external angles, doors, features and obstacles, window reveals, joints, walls.

Cutting considerations: batches, shading, pattern type, pattern match (set/straight, offset/drop), wastage

Careless pasting

Dry edges, blistering, delaminating, joint gapping, paste staining, polishing, staining, tearing process of cutting from rolls, directional hanging advice, jointing methods, internal angles, health and safety advice.

Stage

Surface preparation, material type, shading checks, adhesive type and application method.

Causes

irregular cutting, inaccurate matching, under/over soaking over brushing, overuse of seam roller, careless pasting

Defects

Loose edges, loose fibres, polished areas, delamination, blisters, tears, overlaps, open joints, flattening of emboss, staining/surface marking, corners incorrectly negotiated.

Methods of trimming

Knife and straight edge, shears, casing wheel, knife and self healing board.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

9. be able to hang specialist papers.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 9.1 check the suitability of surface for specialist papers
- 9.2 plan the **position** of **specialist papers**
- 9.3 select **tools and equipment** appropriate to the task

- 9.4 calculate quantities of specialist papers using both girthing and areas methods
- 9.5 plan, measure and mark starting lines, taking into account:
 - a. occasions
 - b. **position**
 - c. methods
 - d. considerations
- 9.6 follow manufacturers' instructions for hanging specialist papers
- 9.7 cut paper neatly to obstacles, maintaining cleanliness
- 9.8 follow current requirements of **health and safety and environmental regulations**.

Suitability of surface

Rectify (by making good, priming, lining if required)

Position

Walls, starting point, finishing point, internal and external angles, doors, features and obstacles, ceilings, window.

Specialist papers/wall coverings

Lincrusta, paper-backed fabric, hand print, flock, warps/weftless, supadurables, Suparglypta, hessian, metallics, glass fibre, photo mural.

Tools and equipment

Tape measure, metal straight edge, trimming knife, folding ruler, plumb bob, spirit level, paperhanging brush, paperhanging shears, sponges, rubber rollers, felt rollers, spatulas, seam roller, protective strip, access equipment, pencil, chalk and line, paste table, paste brush, buckets, cotton gloves, Ridgley straight edge and trimmer, rubbish containers/bags.

Occasions

First drop on wall, after internal/external angle, over and around reveals.

Position

Horizontal, vertical.

Methods (select appropriate method)

Sprit level, plumb bob, laser level.

Considerations

Access required, light source, room dimensions, economy.

Manufacturers' instructions

Surface preparation, material type, shading checks, adhesive type and application method, process of cutting from rolls, directional hanging advice, jointing methods, internal angles, health and safety advice.

Health and safety and environmental regulations

Electrical safety, sharp blades, COSHH, work at height regulations, disposal of waste.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

10. know how to store materials.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 10.1 describe **factors** to consider when storing papers and adhesives
- 10.2 state reasons why a wall hanging may be supplied with a selvedge and the recommendation to store it 'on end'.

Range

Factors

Physical: racks, wrapping and dust.

Atmospheric: temperature, dampness and direct sunlight.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

11. be able to store materials.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 11.1 reclaim unused specialist, papers and range of adhesives
- 11.2 store specialist papers and range of adhesives.

Unit 312 Producing specialist finishes for painted decorative work

UAN:	K/505/0930	
Level:	3	
Credit value:	7	

GLH:	64
Aim:	The aim of this unit is to provide the learners with the skills and knowledge
	required for producing specialist finishes for painted decorative work.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

1. be able to produce quality finish ground coats for painted decorative work.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 1.1 prepare surfaces to produce quality finish ground coats for painted decorative work using abrasives and preparation processes
- 1.2 select **tools and equipment** to produce quality ground coat finishes
- 1.3 prepare and apply **materials** to produce quality ground coat finishes to ensure no defects present
- 1.4 follow current environmental and relevant health and safety regulation.

Range

Surfaces

Previously painted timber, previously painted plaster or plasterboard, embossed paper.

Abrasives

Silicon carbide, glass paper, aluminium oxide.

Preparation processes

Wet abrading, dry abrading, making good, spot priming.

Tools and equipment

Hair stipplers, rollers, rubbing blocks, buckets, sponges, dusting brush, paint brushes (natural bristle and synthetic filament), tack rags, stirrers, paint strainers, kettles.

Materials

Fillers

Water-borne primers/eggshell, solvent-borne primer/eggshell.

Environmental and relevant health and safety regulation

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH), Volatile organic compounds (VOCs), disposal of waste, cuts and abrasions, dermatitis, dust inhalation, burns, electrical safety, work at heights regulations, risk assessment, personal protective equipment (PPE).

Learning outcome

The learner will:

2. understand how to prepare multi-plate and apply stencils.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 2.1 explain differences between different multi-plates **stencil types**
- 2.2 describe **methods** used for enlarging and reducing multi–plate stencils
- 2.3 explain advantages and disadvantages of plate materials
- 2.4 describe **methods** used for transferring designs
- 2.5 compare advantages and disadvantages of cutting with craft knives and hot knives
- 2.6 describe the suitability of **base materials** used for cutting multiplate stencils
- 2.7 explain **factors** to take into consideration when cutting stencils
- 2.8 explain **planning considerations** when setting out and applying stencils to wall areas
- 2.9 explain the purpose of **lines** and registration marks to mark out areas to be stenciled
- 2.10 describe advantages and disadvantages of methods used for securing stencils to prevent application faults
- 2.11 explain cleaning, maintenance and storage requirements for tools and equipment.

Range

Stencil types

Positive, negative, multi-plate.

Enlarging and reducing methods

Accurate measurement, grid, illuminated projection, photocopy, print.

Plate materials

Treated paper, treated card, proprietary stencil card, acetate sheet.

Transferring methods

Trace, pounce and photocopy – onto the stencil plate materials of paper and proprietary stencil card and acetate.

Base materials

Glass plate, proprietary cutting mat.

Factors

Cleanliness, hand position, knife angle, direction of cutting, blade sharpness, repair of broken ties, size and sequence of pattern (small

areas and vertical lines first), free movement of stencil plate, margin widths.

Planning considerations

Location of doors, windows, corners, access requirements, room dimensions, stencil size, number of repeats/connections spacing, order of application.

Lines

Chalk: centre/horizontal/vertical.

Securing methods

Proprietary spray adhesive, tape (masking, low-tack).

Application faults

Creep, smudging, paint lifting, uneven colour, bittiness, undue texture, uneven weight of colour over repeats, buckled/curled stencil plate.

Tools and equipment

Ruler/tape measure, pencil, chalk and line, stencil knife/craft knife, hot knife, palette, stencil brushes.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

3. be able to prepare and apply multi- plates.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- produce stencil designs and use appropriate **transfer methods** to **stencil plate material**
- 3.2 prepare multi-plate stencil materials
- 3.3 select tools and equipment
- 3.4 cut out multi-plate stencil types from **plate materials** with accurate and clean cut design outlines and strong ties
- 3.5 set and mark out stencil locations for linear runs, borders and walls, demonstrating **planning considerations**
- 3.6 apply multi-plate stencil types with sharp outlines, as accurate linear work
- 3.7 clean, maintain and store tools and equipment
- 3.8 follow current health and safety and environmental regulations.

Range

Transfer methods

Select two of the following:

- trace
- pounce
- photocopy.

Stencil plate materials

Select two of the following:

- treated paper
- treated card
- proprietary stencil card
- acetate sheet.

Tools and equipment

Pencil, ruler/tape measure, chalk and line, stencil knife/craft knife, palette, stencil brushes, hot knife.

Planning considerations

Number of repeats/ connections, location of doors, windows, corners, access requirements, room dimensions, stencil size, spacing.

Health and safety and environmental regulations

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH), Volatile organic compounds (VOCs), disposal of waste, cuts and abrasions, dermatitis, dust inhalation, burns, electrical safety, work at heights regulations, risk assessment, personal protective equipment (PPE).

Learning outcome

The learner will:

4. understand how to replicate different types of wood using graining methods.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 4.1 explain the importance of ensuring that the appropriate ground coat colour is used
- 4.2 outline reasons for selecting **colourants** to produce the scumble for different **graining effects**
- 4.3 explain methods by which oil based glazes and acrylic glazes dry
- 4.4 describe **brushes, tools and equipment** used to produce replica **graining effects**
- 4.5 explain the **graining effects** produced by different **brushes, tools** and **equipment**
- 4.6 describe cleaning, maintenance and storage requirements for tools and brushes
- 4.7 describe how specific cuts in wood dictate the grain pattern
- 4.8 explain **processes** in relation to each wood effects
- 4.9 describe the graining sequence for **structural components**
- 4.10 explain the importance of cleanliness and sharpness when graining.

Range

Colourant

Artist's oil, acrylics, gouache, powder pigment, universal strainers.

Graining effects

Straight grain – oak, mahogany, one other wood type, figure work graining – oak and mahogany.

Oil-based scumbles

Solvent borne glaze, oil colourant, oil graining colour/medium solvent borne properiaty scumble binders (fullers earth /whiting, stale beer, vinegar) varnish, white spirit, linseed oil, driers, glycerine.

Water-borne scumbles

Acrylic glaze, acrylic colourants, dry pigments, water fullers earth/whiting stale beer, vinegar) varnish, glycerine, retarding agents.

Tools and equipment

Metal/rubber/card combs, check/tick roller, natural sponges, feathers eg goose-wing, lint-free rag, palette knives, palettes, kettles, plastic pots.

Brushes

'Rubbing in' brushes, mixing brushes, fitches, floggers and dragging brushes, softeners (hog's hair, badger), sable pencils and writers, varnish brushes.

Processes

Rubbing in, flogging, combing, softening overgraining, mottling, wiping out, heartwood or painting in heartwood, combing with painting in.

Structural components

Panelled doors, windows, dado rails, narrow linear runs (i.e. architraves and skirtings), small wall panels.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

5. be able to replicate different types of wood using graining methods.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 5.1 check **factors** relating to ground coat suitability, and rectify if required
- 5.2 select colourant appropriate to each replica graining type
- 5.3 prepare **graining materials**
- 5.4 select **brushes, tools and equipment** to be used to produce replica graining
- 5.5 produce **replica graining** for **structural components** using **processes**

- 5.6 clean, maintain and store brushes, tools, and equipment
- 5.7 follow current health and safety and environmental regulations.

Factors

No visible coating defects (misses, ropiness, bits and nibs, undue texture), colour, finish (eggshell, mid-sheen).

Colourant

Artist's oil, acrylics, gouache, powder pigment, universal strainers.

Replica graining

Straight grain – oak, mahogany, one other timber type, figure work graining – oak and mahogany.

Graining materials

Solvent-borne glaze, water borne glaze, oil colourant, glue size, white spirit, linseed oil, solvent-borne proprietary scumbles, binders (fuller's earth/whiting, stale beer, vinegar), oil graining colour/medium, water graining colour/medium, acrylic colourant.

Brushes

Rubbing in brushes, mixing brushes, overgrainers, sable pencils/writers, fitches, mottlers/cutters, floggers/dragging brushes, softeners (hog's hair, badger) sable pencils and writers, varnish brushes.

Tools

Metal/rubber/card combs, check/tick roller, veining horn, natural sponges, crayons.

Equipment

Lint-free rag, palette knives, palettes, kettles, plastic pots.

Structural components

Select three of the following:

- panelled doors
- windows
- dado rails
- narrow linear runs (ie architraves and skirtings)
- small wall panels

Processes

Rubbing in, flogging, combing, softening, overgraining, mottling, wiping out heartwood and painting in heartwood, combing with painting in and apply protective finishing coats

Learning outcome

The learner will:

6. understand how to replicate marble.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 6.1 state how veins in marble are naturally formed
- 6.2 state the appropriate British Standard 4800 colour for ground coats to **replicate marble**
- 6.3 state the appropriate pigment colours to replicate marble
- 6.4 describe **brushes, tools and equipment** required to produce replicate marble effects
- 6.5 explain the effects produced by different **brushes**, tools and equipment
- 6.6 describe **terminology** relating to marbling
- 6.7 describe cleaning, maintenance and storage requirements for brushes, tools and equipment.

Range

Replicate marble

Carrara, Sienna, vert de mer, Black and Gold, Rouge Royale, St.Anne, Breche Violet.

Pigment colours

White, black, ultramarine blue, ochre, umber (raw, burnt), sienna (raw, burnt), chrome, Indian red, Brunswick green, Prussian blue, paynes grey.

Brushes, tools and equipment

Brushes

Rubbing in mixing, varnish, floggers/ dragging, softeners (hog's hair, badger), sable pencils/writer, fitches.

Tools

Feathers, (ie goose-wing) natural sponges.

Equipment

Lint-free rag, palette knives, palettes, kettles, plastic pots, dippers, chalk and line, masking tape, paper.

Terminology

Medium, gilp, clouding or scumbling, wash (of colour) transparency.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

7. be able to replicate marble.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 7.1 check **factors** relating to ground coat suitability and rectify if required
- 7.2 select pigment colours appropriate to replicate marble
- 7.3 prepare marbling materials
- 7.4 select brushes, tools and equipment
- 7.5 produce replica marble using appropriate processes
- 7.6 apply protective finishing coats
- 7.7 clean, maintain and store brushes, tools and equipment
- 7.8 follow current health and safety and environmental regulations.

Factors

No visible coating defects (misses, ropiness, bits and nibs, undue texture), colour, finish (eggshell, mid-sheen).

Replica marble

Carrara, Sienna, Vert De Mer, Black and Gold, Rouge Royale, St.Anne, Breche Violet.

Marbling materials

Solvent-borne glaze and water-borne glaze, oil colourant and acrylic colourant, varnish (water-borne and solvent-borne), white spirit, linseed oil, crayons.

Brushes, tools and equipment

Brushes: rubbing in mixing, varnish softeners (hog's hair, badger), sable pencils/writer, fitches.

Tools: feathers, (ie goose-wing) natural sponges.

Equipment: lint-free rag, palette knives, palettes, kettle's, plastic pots, dippers, chalk and line, masking tape, paper.

Processes

Oil-in and rubbing in, veining, softening, glazing, cissing and opening out, stippling, wiping out.

Health and Safety and Environmental Regulations

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH), Volatile organic compounds (VOCs), disposal of waste, cuts and abrasions, dermatitis, dust inhalation, burns, electrical safety, work at heights regulations, risk assessment, personal protective equipment (PPE).

Learning outcome

The learner will:

8. understand how to apply metal leaf.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 8.1 explain **factors** relating to surface conditions suitability to receive gilding
- 8.2 explain the importance of establishing the correct drying stages
- 8.3 explain **processes** used to apply metal leaf
- 8.4 state types of **damage** that may be caused by **processes** and how they may be prevented
- 8.5 describe the importance of correct cleaning and storage of camel hair mops, pounce bags and specialist tools.

Factors

Smooth, defect free, clean, hard, dry

Processes

Tack time testing, metal leaf application, skewing, faulting, burnishing, cleaning off, backing up.

Damage

Lack of adhesion, shrivelling, flaking, tarnishing.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

be able to apply metal leaf.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 9.1 check factors relating to surfaces suitability and rectify if required
- 9.2 select **tools** to apply metal leaf
- 9.3 prepare and apply **barrier coat materials** evenly and without misses
- 9.4 select and apply **mordants** to ensure the required finish, regularly checking for correct drying stage
- 9.5 apply metal leaf to flat and detailed areas
- 9.6 remove barrier coats from finished work, where applicable
- 9.7 burnish applied metal leaf
- 9.8 clean, maintain and store tools and equipment
- 9.9 follow current health and safety and environmental regulations.

Range

Factors

Smooth, defect free clean, hard, dry surfaces: painted, varnished, glass.

Tools

Camel hair mops, pounce bags, specialist.

Barrier coat materials

Egg glair (egg white, warm water), French chalk.

Mordants

Glare, gelatine, gold size.

Health and Safety and Environmental Regulations

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH), Volatile organic compounds (VOCs), disposal of waste, cuts and abrasions, dermatitis, dust inhalation, burns, electrical safety, work at heights regulations, risk assessment, personal protective equipment (PPE).

Unit 313 Producing specialist architectural finishes for decorative work

UAN:	M/504/6782	
Level:	3	
Credit value:	5	
GLH:	45	
Aim:	To provide the learner with the skills and knowledge required to produce specialist architectural finishes for decorative work.	

Learning outcome	
The learner will:	
1. understand how to set out and install centre-pieces.	
Assessment criteria	
The learner can:	

- 1.1 explain **health and safety risks and precautions** associated with the installation of centre-pieces
- 1.2 explain **factors** to consider when selecting designs and materials for a centre-piece
- 1.3 state adhesives for centre-piece types
- 1.4 explain **stages** for setting out and installing centre-pieces
- 1.5 state reasons for having registration marks on the ceiling and centre-pieces
- 1.6 explain the process for achieving registration marks
- 1.7 identify **suitable fixings** for centre-pieces
- 1.8 explain reasons for **moistening** the surface prior to applying centre-pieces.

Health and safety risks and precautions

Electricity, power tools, working at height, manual handling, working above head, sharp tools.

Factors

Architectural, design, weight, size, labour requirements.

Adhesives

Ready mix, powder based.

Centre piece type

Polyurethane foam centre-pieces: PVA

Gypsum plaster centre-pieces: proprietary, heavy duty, stucco.

Stages

- erect access equipment, dry locate, fix location pins
- set out and mark out position for centre- piece, drill holes in centrepiece for fixing, registration marks on centre-piece and surface
- secure to surface: drill and fit wall plugs, prepare adhesive
- mark and cut out for cabling, apply adhesive to centre-piece, moisten area to receive centre-piece
- apply centre-piece to surface, make good gaps and fixing holes.

Suitable fixings

Nails, wall plugs, brass screws.

Moistening

Reduce porosity of surface, allow slip.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

2. be able to set out and install centre pieces.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 2.1 select materials, tools and equipment for setting out and installing centre pieces
- 2.2 erect and check access equipment
- 2.3 set out area to receive centre-piece
- 2.4 cut access holes for cabling
- 2.5 install centre-piece to the ceiling following the **stages of work**
- 2.6 follow current **environmental and health and safety regulations**.

Materials

Polyurethane foam centre-pieces, PVA, gypsum plaster centre-pieces, adhesives (proprietary, heavy duty, stucco).

Tools and equipment

Access equipment, tape measure, pencil, drill, saw, hammer, screwdriver, stirring stick, buckets, sponges, brushes, plastic pots.

Access equipment

Ladders, step ladders, platform steps, trestle platforms, podiums.

Stages of work

- Erect access equipment, dry locate, fix location pins
- Set out and mark out position for centre-piece, drill holes in centrepiece for fixing, registration marks on centre-piece and surface
- Secure to surface, drill and fit wall plugs, prepare adhesive
- mark and cut out for cabling, apply adhesive to centre-piece, moisten area to receive centre-piece
- apply centre-piece to surface, make good gaps and fixing holes.

Environmental and health and safety regulations

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH), Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), disposal of waste, cuts and abrasions, dermatitis, dust inhalation, burns, electrical safety, work at heights regulations, risk assessment, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Learning outcome

The learner will:

3. understand how to set out and install coving.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 3.1 explain health and safety risks and required precautions associated with the installation of coving
- 3.2 state **materials** used for manufacture of polyurethane foam and gypsum plaster coving
- 3.3 explain tools and equipment required to install coving
- 3.4 state advantages and disadvantages for using mitre blocks and templates

- 3.5 explain **considerations** when installing coving and cornices with complex designs
- 3.6 state adhesives for coving types
- 3.7 state implications of an adhesive's viscosity when applying it to coving, and once installed
- 3.8 explain benefits in relation to both temporary and permanent fixing, when installing coving
- 3.9 explain the stages for setting out and installing coving
- 3.10 state advantages of leaving a 2-3mm gap
- 3.11 state the sequence of installing coving for a chimney breast wall.

Health and safety risks

Working at height, manual handling, working above head, sharp tools, dust particles.

Materials

Polyurethane foam, gypsum plaster, weight, support, accurate location, remove excess adhesive, install temporary additional support nails, make good gaps and fixing holes, remove support nails, leave to set.

Tools and equipment

Access equipment, tape measure, pencil, chalk line, galvanised nails, hammer, mitre block, template, saw, stirring stick, buckets, sponges, brushes, plastic pots.

Considerations

Even pattern distribution, centre around features, calculate joint locations, making good.

Adhesives

Ready mix, powder based.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

4. be able to set out and install coving.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 4.1 select coving, tools and equipment appropriate for the work
- 4.2 check and erect access equipment
- 4.3 set out area to receive coving
- 4.4 measure and cut lengths of coving for internal and external angles and butt joints
- 4.5 install coving

4.6 follow current environmental and health and safety regulations.

Range

Tools and equipment

Access equipment, tape measure, pencil, chalk line, galvanised nails, hammer, mitre block, template, saw, stirring stick, buckets, sponges, brushes, plastic pots.

Access equipment

Ladders, step ladders, platform steps, trestle platforms, podiums.

Coving

To include internal and external angles and butt joints.

Environmental and health and safety regulations

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH), Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), disposal of waste, cuts and abrasions, dermatitis, dust inhalation, burns, electrical safety, work at heights regulations, risk assessment, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Unit 314 Applying water-borne paint systems using airless equipment

UAN:	K/504/6781	
Level:	3	
Credit value:	7	
GLH:	60	
Aim:	To provide the learner with the skills and knowledge required to apply water-borne paint systems using airless equipment.	

Learning outcome

The learner will:

1. understand how to prepare work areas by protecting adjacent surfaces, furniture and fittings.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 1.1 explain **domestic** and **commercial factors** to consider, when preparing the work area
- 1.2 identify types and uses of masking tapes
- 1.3 explain the **procedure** for applying and removing masking tapes
- 1.4 identify types and uses of **protective sheeting**
- 1.5 explain maintenance and storage requirements for **protective** sheeting types.

Range

Domestic factors:

Door and window furniture, wall-mounted fixtures and fittings, air quality within the work area, room furniture, floor coverings.

Commercial factors

Workstations, lighting, machinery, equipment, furniture, public access to premises, climate/weather, temperature, air quality within the work area, ventilation, debris.

Masking tapes

Exterior, interior, low tack, crepe, 7-day.

Procedure

Continuous masking by overlapping each previously applied strip, starting at first area to be sprayed.

Protective sheeting

Dust sheets (lightweight, protective backing, heavy duty), polythene sheets, tarpaulin, drop sheets.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

2. be able to prepare work areas by protecting adjacent surfaces, furniture and fittings.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 2.1 prepare work areas ready for spray painting
- 2.2 select **protective materials** and equipment to protect adjacent surfaces, furniture and fittings
- 2.3 position and fix protective materials
- 2.4 set up adequate Local Extract Ventilation (LEV) and natural ventilation for work area.

Range

Protective materials

Masking paper, masking machine, masking shield, dust sheets (lightweight, protective backing, heavy duty), self-adhesive, masking paper, drop sheets, polythene sheets, tarpaulin.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

3. understand how to select components and produce a working airless spray unit.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 3.1 explain why airless system would be selected in preference to a High Volume Low Pressure HVLP system
- 3.2 explain the advantages and disadvantages of using airless equipment
- 3.3 state the function of each of airless equipment component
- 3.4 explain the assembly sequence of component parts to produce a working unit
- 3.5 explain the adjustment procedures to ensure correct spray application
- 3.6 state the function of the ancillary components
- 3.7 state **health and safety issues** when working with airless systems.

Range

Component

Fluid pumps (electrically driven or pneumatically driven), pump filters, gravity feed hopper and filter, suction feed tube and filter, fluid line, whip-end (where applicable), gun, gun in-line filter, trigger locking

device, trigger quard, fluid tips, tip safety quard.

Ancillary components

Extension pole, pole gun, swivel head fluid tip, roller frame, roller sleeve.

Health and safety issues

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), Respiratory Protective Equipment (RPE), Health and Safety at Work Act, inhalation (of overspray), eye irritation, ingestion, COSHH regulations.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

4. be able to select components and produce a working airless spray unit.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 4.1 select **component parts** for the spray system type for spray application
- 4.2 assemble component parts to produce a working airless unit
- 4.3 load paint material used in an airless spray unit
- 4.4 test and adjust airless spray unit for correct application.

Range

Component parts

Fluid pumps (electrically driven or pneumatically driven), pump filters, gravity feed hopper and filter, suction feed tube and filter, fluid line, whip-end (where applicable), gun, gun in-line filter, trigger locking device, trigger quard, fluid tips, tip safety guard.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

5. understand how to apply water-borne coatings by airless spray.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 5.1 explain the importance of correct material viscosity and how to adjust and check **airless equipment** in relation to temperature
- 5.2 explain the importance of maintaining viscosity of batches
- 5.3 explain problems which may arise from using unstrained paint
- 5.4 explain the importance of using **application techniques** correctly
- 5.5 explain the terms Wet Film Thickness (WFT) and Dry Film Thickness (DFT) and how they affect surface protection
- 5.6 explain the effects of temperature, humidity and ventilation on the viscosity and drying process of surface coatings
- 5.7 identify the appropriate PPE and RPE for applying paint by airless spray.

Application techniques

Distance adjustment, speed of movement, parallel movement, triggering, internal corners, pipework, external corners (stripe coat), other surface obstructions.

Airless equipment

Viscometer (Ford Cup), ratio stick.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

6. be able to prepare and apply water-borne coatings by airless spray.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 6.1 prepare **paint materials** by using viscometer (ford cup) and ratio stick to establish appropriate viscosity
- 6.2 select **equipment** required to apply surface coatings
- 6.3 apply paint to **surface areas** using airless system without **defects**
- 6.4 use correct **application techniques** when applying coatings by airless spray
- 6.5 demonstrate safe temporary shutdown procedures to make adjustments for spraying
- 6.6 check for Wet Film Thickness (WFT) where appropriate
- 6.7 follow current **environmental and health and safety regulations**.

Range

Paint materials

Using viscometer (Ford Cup) and ration stick.

Equipment

Loaded and ready to use airless system, Wet Film Thickness (WFT) gauge, Dry Film Thickness (DFT) gauge, masking shield, PPE/RPE.

Surface coatings

Water-borne (for interior and exterior use): paints, stains, preservatives and varnishes.

Defects

Runs, sags, dry spray, banding, overspray, orange peel.

Application techniques

Distance adjustment, speed of movement, parallel movement, triggering, stripe coating (external corners)

Environmental and health and safety regulations

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), Respiratory Protective Equipment (RPE), Health and Safety at Work Act, inhalation (of overspray), eye irritation, ingestion, COSHH regulations.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

7. know how to rectify faults in spray equipment and defects in applied coatings.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 7.1 explain **equipment faults** and correction and prevention procedures
- 7.2 explain material faults and correction and prevention procedures
- 7.3 explain the causes and remedies of the **defects** in applied coatings
- 7.4 define **terminology** in relation to spray.

Range

Equipment faults

Electrical failure, dirty air cap, needle packing, loose, damaged or worn fluid tip or needle, incorrect set-up (fluid tip), fluttering, defective spray patterns, fluid leakage, kinked hoses, spluttering.

Material faults

Contamination, incorrect viscosity.

Defects

Runs, sags, dry spray, banding, overspray, orange peel.

Terminology

Litres per minute, PSI, triggering, arcing, overlapping, spray distance, gun set-up.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

8. be able to rectify equipment faults using rectification procedures.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 8.1 rectify equipment faults using rectification procedures
- 8.2 rectify material faults using rectification procedures
- 8.3 adjust application techniques to ensure a good quality finish.

Range

Equipment faults

Electrical failure, , needle packing, loose damaged or worn fluid tip or needle, incorrect set-up (fluid tip), fluttering, defective spray patterns, fluid leakage, kinked hoses, spluttering.

Rectification procedures

Shutdown, dismantle, clean, replace, reassemble, set up the system, adjust the system.

Material faults

Contamination, incorrect viscosity.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

know how to clean, maintain and store airless spray equipment and materials.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 9.1 state the **safety factors** to be observed when operating shutdown procedures
- 9.2 state the correct sequence for cleaning and flushing the airless system be used
- 9.3 state the requirements for the maintenance and storage of spray equipment
- 9.4 state the appropriate **legislation** sources relating to waste disposal.

Range

Safety factors

Shut down system, remove container, empty container, flush out container with appropriate thinner, recharge with appropriate thinner, reconnect and restart system, spray through gun to flush, shut down, repeat procedure until flushing thinner is clean, shut down system, disassemble component, clean and dry components, lubricate where required, reassemble, store.

Legislation

Health and Safety at Work Act, Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), COSHH, HSE

Learning outcome

The learner will:

10. be able to clean, maintain and store airless spray equipment and materials.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 10.1 shut down **spray equipment** safely for cleaning
- 10.2 empty containers and dispose of materials
- 10.3 clean interior and exterior surfaces ready for storage
- 10.4 lubricate component parts
- 10.5 store spray equipment
- 10.6 follow current **environmental and relevant health and safety regulations**.

Spray equipment

Gravity feed, suction feed, pressure feed.

Materials

Water-borne coatings, solvent, rags, lubricants.

Environmental and relevant health and safety regulations

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH), Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), disposal of waste, cuts and abrasions, dermatitis, dust inhalation, burns, electrical safety, work at heights regulations, risk assessment, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Unit 331

Applying water-borne paint systems using High Volume Low Pressure (HVLP) spray equipment

UAN:	H/504/6780	
Level:	3	
Credit value:	7	
GLH:	60	
Aim:	To provide the learner with the skills and knowledge required to apply water-borne paint systems using High Volume Low Pressure (HVLP) spray equipment	

Learning outcome

The learner will:

1. understand how to prepare work areas by protecting adjacent surfaces, furniture and fitting using High Volume Low-Pressure spray equipment (HVLP).

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 1.1 explain **factors** to consider, when preparing the work area
- 1.2 identify types and uses of masking tapes
- 1.3 explain **procedures** for applying and removing masking tapes
- 1.4 identify types and uses of protective sheeting
- explain maintenance and storage requirements for **protective** sheeting types.

Range

Factors

Domestic: door and window furniture, wall-mounted fixtures and fittings, air quality within the work area, room furniture, floor coverings.

Commercial: workstations, lighting, machinery, equipment, furniture, public access to premises, climate/weather, temperature, air quality within the work area, ventilation, debris.

Masking tapes

Exterior, interior, low tack, crepe, 7-day.

Procedure

Continuous masking by overlapping each previously applied strip, starting at first area to be sprayed.

Protective sheeting

Dust sheets (lightweight, protective backing, heavy duty), polythene sheets, tarpaulin, drop sheets.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

2. be able to prepare work and surrounding areas prior to painting using HVLP spray equipment.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 2.1 prepare work areas ready for spray painting
- 2.2 select **protective materials** and equipment to protect adjacent surfaces, furniture and fittings
- 2.3 position and fix protective materials
- 2.4 set up adequate Local Extract Ventilation (LEV) and natural ventilation for work area.

Range

Protective materials

Masking paper, masking machine, masking shield, dust sheets (lightweight, protective backing, heavy duty), self-adhesive, masking paper, drop sheets, polythene sheets, tarpaulin.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

3. understand how to set up HVLP spray equipment to prepare materials for spray application.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 3.1 justify reasons for choosing spray system types
- 3.2 explain the advantages and disadvantages of using HVLP spray gun equipment
- 3.3 explain the function of the HVLP spray gun equipment components
- 3.4 explain the function of pressure pot components
- 3.5 explain the function of **components parts**
- 3.6 explain the assembly sequence of **component parts** to produce a working unit
- 3.7 explain the adjustment procedures to ensure correct spray application
- 3.8 explain why an air pressure check at the nozzle is required
- 3.9 explain **health and safety issues** when working with HVLP systems.

Range

Spray systems types

Air spray High Volume Low Pressure (HVLP) gravity feed, suction feed, pressure feed.

HVLP spray gun equipment components

Spray gun body, air inlet connector, air valve, trigger, air baffle, air cap, fluid needle, fluid tip, fluid needle packing, spreader control valve (where appropriate), fluid needle adjuster.

Pressure pot components

Container, lid, clamps, seal, air inlet valve, pressure regulator, pressure gauge, safety valve, fluid delivery tube, fluid outlet valve (where applicable).

Component parts

Spray guns, air hoses, compressor, pressure pot, transformer

Health and safety issues

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), Respiratory Protective Equipment (RPE), Health and Safety at Work Act, inhalation (of overspray), eye irritation, ingestion, COSHH regulations.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

4. be able to apply water-borne coatings by HVLP spray.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 4.1 prepare paint materials by using viscometer (Ford cup) and ratio stick to establish appropriate viscosity
- 4.2 prepare paint materials by straining
- 4.3 select **equipment** required to apply **surface coatings**
- 4.4 set up the HVLP system to apply **surface coatings** without **defects**
- 4.5 use correct **application techniques** when applying water-borne coatings by HVLP spray
- 4.6 demonstrate safe temporary shutdown procedures to make adjustments for spraying
- 4.7 check for Wet Film Thickness (WFT) where appropriate
- 4.8 follow current environmental and health and safety regulations.

Equipment

Loaded and ready to use HVLP system, Wet Film Thickness (WFT) gauge, Dry Film Thickness (DFT) gauge, masking shield, PPE/RPE.

Surface coatings

Water-borne: paints, stains, preservatives and varnishes, interior and exterior use.

Defects

Runs, sags, dry spray, banding, overspray, orange peel.

Application techniques

Distance adjustment, speed of movement, parallel movement, triggering, stripe coating (external corners)

Environmental and relevant health and safety regulations

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH), Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), disposal of waste, cuts and abrasions, dermatitis, dust inhalation, burns, electrical safety, work at heights regulations, risk assessment, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Learning outcome

The learner will:

5. understand how to rectify faults in spray equipment and defects in applied coatings.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 5.1 explain **equipment faults** and correction and prevention procedures
- 5.2 explain **material faults** of contamination and incorrect correction and prevention procedures
- 5.3 explain the causes and remedies of the **defects** in applied coatings
- 5.4 define **terminology** in relation to spray.

Range

Equipment faults

electrical failure, dirty air cap, needle packing, loose, damaged or worn fluid tip or needle, incorrect set-up (fluid tip), fluttering, defective spray patterns, fluid leakage, kinked hoses, spluttering.

Material faults

Contamination, incorrect viscosity.

Defects

Runs, sags, dry spray, banding, overspray, orange peel.

Terminology

Litres per minute, PSI, triggering, arcing, overlapping, spray distance, gun set-up.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

6. be able to rectify faults in spray equipment and defects in applied coatings.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 6.1 rectify equipment faults using rectification procedures
- 6.2 rectify material faults using rectification procedures
- 6.3 adjust application techniques to ensure that good quality finish.

Range

Equipment faults

Electrical failure, dirty air cap, needle packing, loose damaged or worn fluid tip or needle, incorrect set-up (fluid tip), fluttering, defective spray patterns, fluid leakage, kinked hoses, spluttering.

Rectification procedures

Shutdown, dismantle, clean, replace, reassemble, set up the system, adjust the system.

Material faults

Contamination, incorrect viscosity.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

7. know how to clean, maintain and store HVLP spray equipment and materials.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 7.1 state the safety factors to be observed when operating shutdown procedures
- 7.2 state the correct sequence for cleaning and flushing the HVLP system used
- 7.3 state the requirements for the maintenance and storage of spray equipment
- 7.4 state appropriate **legislation** sources relating to waste disposal.

Range

Cleaning and flushing

Shut down system, remove container, empty container, flush out container with appropriate thinner, recharge with appropriate thinner, reconnect and restart system, spray through gun to flush, shut down,

repeat procedure until flushing thinner is clean, shut down system, disassemble component, clean and dry components, lubricate where required, reassemble, store.

Legislation

Health and Safety at Work Act, Environment Agency, COSHH, HSE.

Learning outcome

The learner will:

8. be able to clean, maintain and store HVLP spray equipment and materials.

Assessment criteria

The learner can:

- 8.1 shut down the **spray equipment** safely for cleaning
- 8.2 empty containers and dispose of materials
- 8.3 clean interior and exterior surfaces ready for storage
- 8.4 lubricate component parts
- 8.5 store spray equipment
- 8.6 follow current **environmental and relevant health and safety regulations**.

Range

Spray equipment

Gravity feed, suction feed, pressure feed.

Materials

Water-borne coatings, solvent, rags, lubricants.

Environmental and relevant health and safety regulations

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH), Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), disposal of waste, cuts and abrasions, dermatitis, dust inhalation, burns, electrical safety, work at heights regulations, risk assessment, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).





The following documents contain essential information for centres delivering City & Guilds qualifications. They should be referred to in conjunction with this handbook. To download the documents and to find other useful documents, go to the Centres and Training Providers homepage on www.cityandguilds.com.

Centre Manual - Supporting Customer Excellence contains detailed information about the processes which must be followed and requirements which must be met for a centre to achieve 'approved centre' status, or to offer a particular qualification, as well as updates and good practice exemplars for City & Guilds assessment and policy issues. Specifically, the document includes sections on:

- The centre and qualification approval process
- Assessment, internal quality assurance and examination roles at the • centre
- Registration and certification of candidates
- Non-compliance
- Complaints and appeals
- Equal opportunities
- Data protection
- Management systems
- Maintaining records
- Assessment
- Internal quality assurance
- External quality assurance.

Our Quality Assurance Requirements encompasses all of the relevant requirements of key regulatory documents such as:

- Regulatory Arrangements for the Qualifications and Credit Framework (2008)
- SQA Awarding Body Criteria (2007)

and sets out the criteria that centres should adhere to pre and post centre and qualification approval.

Access to Assessment & Qualifications provides full details of the arrangements that may be made to facilitate access to assessments and qualifications for candidates who are eligible for adjustments in assessment.

The **centre homepage** section of the City & Guilds website also contains useful information on such things as:

- Walled Garden: how to register and certificate candidates on line
- **Events**: dates and information on the latest Centre events
- Online assessment: how to register for e-assessments.

Useful contacts

UK learners General qualification information	T: +44 (0)844 543 0033 E: learnersupport@cityandguilds.com
International learners General qualification information	T: +44 (0)844 543 0033 F: +44 (0)20 7294 2413 E: intcg@cityandguilds.com
Centres Exam entries, Certificates, Registrations/enrolment, Invoices, Missing or late exam materials, Nominal roll reports, Results	T: +44 (0)844 543 0000 F: +44 (0)20 7294 2413 E: centresupport@cityandguilds.com
Single subject qualifications Exam entries, Results, Certification, Missing or late exam materials, Incorrect exam papers, Forms request (BB, results entry), Exam date and time change	T: +44 (0)844 543 0000 F: +44 (0)20 7294 2413 F: +44 (0)20 7294 2404 (BB forms) E: singlesubjects@cityandguilds.com
International awards Results, Entries, Enrolments, Invoices, Missing or late exam materials, Nominal roll reports	T: +44 (0)844 543 0000 F: +44 (0)20 7294 2413 E: intops@cityandguilds.com
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