

Qualification: 1145-530 Level 3 Engineering – Theory exam (1)

1145-30 Level 3 Advanced Technical Certificate in Engineering 1145-31 Level 3 Advanced Technical Diploma in Engineering (540) 1145-32 Level 3 Advanced Technical Extended Diploma in Engineering (720)

Marking scheme

1a	terial to resist wear, abrasion and	being	
	Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks
	Hardness (1)		(1 mark)
1b	State the term that refers to how easily a material melts.		
	Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks
	Fusibility (1)		(1 mark)
2a	Explain the difference between a ferrous and a non-ferrous r	netal.	
	Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks
	Ferrous metals contain <u>iron</u> as their primary element (1); Non-ferrous metals do not contain iron (1).		(2 marks)

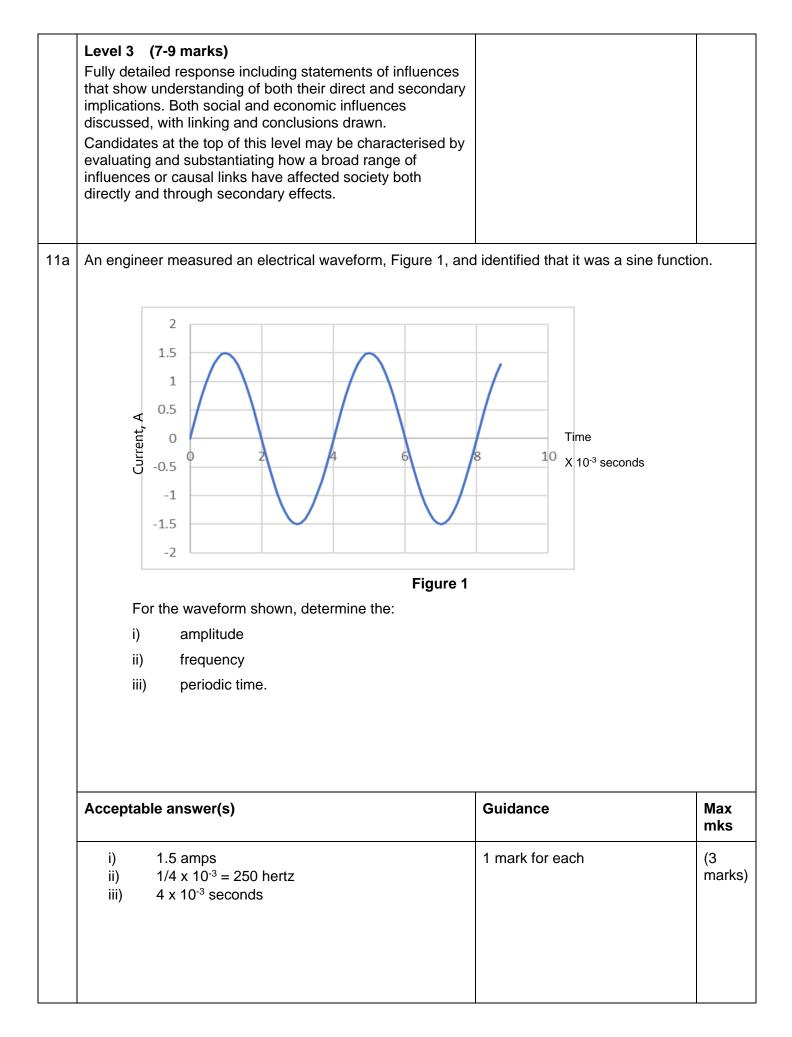
2b			an example of a ferrous metal a ble of a typical application.	nd a non-ferrous metal.	
		Type of metal	Example	Typical Application	
		Ferrous			
		Non-ferrous			
	Accept	able answer(s)		Guidance	Max mks
	Award	1 mark for each c	ell appropriately completed.	Ferrous metals could include, for example, cast iron (used in engine blocks) or stainless steel (used in cutlery or medical equipment). Non-ferrous metals could include, for example, aluminium alloys (used in aircraft frames) or copper (used in wiring).	(4 marks)
2c	Explain why thermochromic pigment is a smart material.				
	Accept	able answer(s)		Guidance	Max mks
	 Sm env The 	ironment change	nge their properties when their s (1). erials change colour (1) as the		(2 marks)
3a	Describ	e the process of	quenching a high carbon steel t	ool.	
	Accept	able answer(s)		Guidance	Max mks
	The too		follows: ove the upper critical temperatur I) by being plunged into water o		(3 marks)
3b	Explain	why it is often ne	ecessary to carry out tempering	after quenching.	•
	Accept	able answer(s)		Guidance	Max mks
	Quench very bri	ttle (1). Temperin	follows: nartensitic structure (1) which is ig is used to allow some materia icreasing the toughness (1).		(4 marks)

Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks	
1 mark each, up to 3 marks:Chemical vapours/ventilation of the work area		(3 marks)	
Protection of the respiratory system			
Temperature control			
Fire protection			
Safe disposal of waste			
 Implications of exposure to fibres 			
• COSHH			
Any other appropriate point			
Describe how a plasma conducts electricity.			
Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks	
Award up to 3 marks as follows: Plasma is an ionized gas (1) which contains charged particles / electrons and ions (1). These can move independently, allowing the flow of charge (1)		(3 marks)	
Name three common types of electrical cable.			
Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks	
1 mark each, up to 3 marks: • Mains		(3 marks)	
Coaxial			
Ribbon cable			
Twin lead			

Explain why jigs and fixtures are used during batch manufacturing.			
Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks	
 Award up to 6 marks as follows: To save time (1) and therefore labour costs (1) when marking out (1) 		(6 marks)	
 To position products in the same way each time for machining (1) ensuring consistency (1) and repeatability (1) 			
 To hold products in position (1) so they can be machined safely (1) 			
Any other appropriate point.			
Explain why a manufacturer might carry out quality control by	l y sampling rather than 100 % insp	ection.	
Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks	
 Award up to 3 marks as follows: To reduce the time needed for inspection (1) and therefore the cost (1) 		(3 marks)	
Testing may be destructive (1)			
Any other appropriate point.			
Explain one advantage to a manufacturing company of using quality.	g 'six sigma' as a strategy to impro	ve	
Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks	
 Award 2 marks as follows: Greater proportion of parts in tolerance (1) reducing scrap or cost (1) 		(2 marks)	
 Less rejected products at the customer (1) Any other appropriate reason 			
	Acceptable answer(s) Award up to 6 marks as follows: • To save time (1) and therefore labour costs (1) when marking out (1) • To position products in the same way each time for machining (1) ensuring consistency (1) and repeatability (1) • To hold products in position (1) so they can be machined safely (1) • Any other appropriate point. Explain why a manufacturer might carry out quality control b Acceptable answer(s) Award up to 3 marks as follows: • To reduce the time needed for inspection (1) and therefore the cost (1) • Testing may be destructive (1) • Any other appropriate point.	Acceptable answer(s) Guidance Award up to 6 marks as follows: To save time (1) and therefore labour costs (1) when marking out (1) To position products in the same way each time for machining (1) ensuring consistency (1) and repeatability (1) To hold products in position (1) so they can be machined safely (1) To hold products in position (1) so they can be machined safely (1) Guidance Explain why a manufacturer might carry out quality control by sampling rather than 100 % insp Acceptable answer(s) Guidance Award up to 3 marks as follows: Guidance To reduce the time needed for inspection (1) and therefore the cost (1) Testing may be destructive (1) Any other appropriate point. Explain one advantage to a manufacturing company of using 'six sigma' as a strategy to improquality. Acceptable answer(s) Guidance Explain one advantage to a manufacturing company of using 'six sigma' as a strategy to improquality. Guidance Award 2 marks as follows: Guidance Greater proportion of parts in tolerance (1) reducing scrap or cost (1) Less rejected products at the customer (1)	

8	A company is to design and manufacture a bottle that will package a new fruit juice drink. They hope				
	to sell 5,000 bottles per day.				
	Suggest a suitable material to make the bottle and the main process needed to manufacture it. Give reasons for your suggestions.				
	Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks		
	Award 1 mark each for a suitable material and the manufacturing process. Award a further mark each for a reason. E.g. polypropylene (1) as it is recyclable/less brittle than glass (1); blow moulding (1) as it is suitable for high volume production (1).	The mark for the process can be awarded if it is suitable for the material even if the material is inappropriate.	(4 marks)		
9a	Explain what is meant by an 'iterative' design process.				
	Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks		
	Award up to 3 marks as follows: Iterative design uses a design-make-test cycle (1) where prototypes are made and progressively improved (1) until the product satisfies the design criteria (1). Any other appropriate point.		(3 marks)		
9b	State three methods used to evaluate design ideas.				
	Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks		
	Award up to 3 marks as follows: • Comparison matrix (1)		(3 marks)		
	Ranking (1)				
	Decision trees (1)				
9c	Give two advantages of using CAD software compared to manual drawing.				
	Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks		
	1 mark each, up to 2 marks:		(2		
	Speed of drawing creation (1)		marks)		
	• Ease of modification (1)				
	Accuracy (1)				
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	Ability to save (1) or share electronically (1)				

10	Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks
	 Award 1 mark each for two advantages and 1 limitation and a second mark for each suitable reason. E.g. Advantages Very quick to use (1) allowing products to reach market faster (1) Can be used to assess dimensions (1) and allow rapid modifications of the design style (1) Limitation Does not function like the product (1) so cannot be used to assess operational performance (1) Any other relevant point. Discuss how the development of the steam engine contribute	ed to social and economic develop	(6 marks)
	Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks
	Intention: To elicit responses that demonstrate how knowledge and understanding across a range of areas relate to the question context. For example, this may involve application of knowledge and understanding of how material choices, process selection, and design and manufacturing considerations, each influence social and economic considerations. Level 1 (1-3 marks) Largely descriptive response based on recall of knowledge. A few influences, either mainly social or mainly economic, are stated but their implications are not explained. Candidates at the top of this level may be characterised by describing some influences more in detail, but showing understanding of the implications of just one contribution. Level 2 (4-6 marks) More detailed response, including statements of influences that show understanding of most of their direct implications. Both social and economic influences discussed with some evaluation. Candidates at the top of this level may be characterised by stating and explaining a variety of influences or causal links contributing to or resulting from influences; they may evaluate the broader implications beyond manufacturing of	 Indicative content: Facilitating mechanisation of manufacturing processes, with impact on worker skill needs Centralising manufacturing resources, creating localised demand for employment Facilitating the production of items in volume for consumer consumption, giving broader access to manufactured products Led to the development of railways, allowing distribution of products and relocation of people (for economic and social reasons). For no awardable content, award 0 marks. 	(9 marks)



11b	Multiply the following complex numbers. (4 + 3j) (2 - 2j)				
	Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks		
	(4 + 3j) (2 - 2j) = (4 x 2) + (4 x -2j) + (3j x 2) + (3j x -2j) = 8 - 8j + 6j - 6j ² = 8 - 2j - 6j ² = 8 - 2j - 6 = 14 - 2j	Award 1 mark for the method, 1 mark for resolving j ² and 1 mark for the solution.	(3 marks)		
11c	 An inspection was carried out on a trial batch of cast product 90 % of the products were satisfactory and contained no 5 % of the total quantity of products contained inclusion of 8 % of the total quantity of products contained crack defects Some of the products contained both types of defect. Calculate the probability that a product selected at random contained at the probability that a product selected at the product of the product selected at the probability that a product selected at the product of the product selected at the product selected	defects. defects. ects.			
	Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks		
	Probability of a defect = $100 - 90 = 10 \%$ (1) Total quantity of defects = $8 + 5 = 13 \%$ (1) therefore the proportion of products with 2 defects must equal 13 - $10 = 3 \%$ (1) Thus the probability of a product containing only a single defect is $10-3 = 7 \%$ (1)	Award 1 mark for calculating the probability of a defect, 1 mark for calculating the total quantity of defects, 1 mark for calculating the proportion of products with two defects, and 1 mark for calculating the probability of a product containing a single defect. Accept alternate methods.	(4 marks)		
11d A machine tool moves from A to B then, after turning at a right angle, from B to C as show 2.					
	Calculate the magnitude of the polar vector for the tool to ret (A - 125 mm) Figure 2 – Not to sc				

	Acceptable ans	wer(s)	Guidance	Max mks	
		125² + 82.9²) = √ 22497.41) mm (to 3 sig. fig.)	1 mark for method, 1 mark for answer. Allow trigonometric methods as an alternative.	(2 marks)	
11e	Acceleration, a = Using integratior	n, determine the velocity of the tool at t =	4 s.		
	Acceptable ans	wer(s)	Guidance	Max mks	
	$v = 2t^3 + 2cos(3t)$ so for t = 4s, v = = 130 mm s ⁻¹) 2(4) ³ + 2cos(12)	1 mark for 2t ³ , 1 mark for 2cos (3t), 1 mark for answer.	(3 marks)	
11f	Using the chain	rule, differentiate $y = (x + 3)^4$.			
	Acceptable ans	wer(s)	Guidance	Max mks	
	Let $u = x+3$ and du/dx = 1 and dy hence dy/dx = 4	$u/du = 4u^3$	1 mark for each line shown	(3 marks)	
12	Figure 3 is a plot of the rate of tool wear for a machining operation. The variables x and y have been plotted as logarithms to base 10. Determine an equation for the relationship between x and y.				
	Log10 Y	2.6 2.4 2.2 2 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.2 1 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 0 0 0.1 0.2 0.3	0.4 0.5 0.6		
		Log₁₀x			
		Figure 3			

	Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks
	Up to 6 marks: • The intercept is 0.7 • The gradient is $(2.5-1)/0.5 = 3$ • The relationship is therefore $\log_{10}y = 0.7 + 3 \log_{10}x$ • Taking antilogs: antilog ₁₀ 0.7 = 5 • Taking antilogs: antilog ₁₀ 3 log ₁₀ x = x ³ • Therefore y = 5x ³	Allow other values to be used when calculating the gradient – the calculated value will be the same.	(6 marks)
13	 Mobile phones have changed substantially over the last 30 y They are now much smaller. They weigh less. In real terms, they cost less. 	rears.	
	 They have many more functions. 		
	Discuss the possible reasons for these changes.		
	Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks
	 Intention: To elicit responses that demonstrate how knowledge and understanding across the full range of technical content in the qualification relate to the question context. For example, this may involve application of knowledge and understanding of how progressive changes in customer requirements, materials and microtechnology, and process developments have influenced the development of the phone. Level 1 (1-3 marks) Descriptive response based on recall of knowledge, relating only to a single development, e.g. customer demand, manufacturing processes or microtechnology. Candidates at the top of this level may be characterised by showing some understanding of one reason that facilitated the development. Level 2 (4-6 marks) Mainly descriptive response showing knowledge recall relating to a range of different influences on the development of the product. Candidates at the top of this level may demonstrate understanding of the reasons how or why some of the influences affected the design of the phone. 	 Indicative content: Changes in customer needs Developments in materials, such as conductive screens Developments in microtechnology Developments in assembly process, such as pick and place equipment Improvements in the capability of machining processes Development in CAD software and CAD/CAM Increase in volume of production facilitating investment in production resources For no awardable content, award 0 marks. 	(12 marks)

ur a Ca co de	etailed response, showing both knowledge recall and nderstanding of how phone design has been affected by variety of different contributing developments. andidates at the top of this level may be characterised by onsidering the relative impact of different types of evelopment on the phone design. evel 4 (10-12 marks)		
Fu ph dif fac	ully detailed response, showing understanding of how none design has been affected by a wide variety of fferent contributing developments. Evaluation of which ictors have had the greatest influence, producing upporting conclusions.		
ar	andidates at the top of this level may be characterised by nalysing and comparing how conflicting considerations ave affected the phone design.		
		Total marks	100