

### **T** Levels

Agriculture, Environment and Animal Care

**T Level Core Component Support Session** 

The webinar will begin shortly.





# Using the webinar platform

Ż

Send any questions in the question area throughout the webinar All attendees will be set to mute

Webinar resources and a CPD certificate will be sent out to all attendees following the webinar

#### Land T Level Team





E: Sarah.Cocks@cityandguilds.com

Anne Rogers Technical Advisor - Land **f y b** E: Anne.Rogers@cityandguilds.com

Sally Green

Industry Manager for Land-based Services (T Levels)

f 🕑 🛅

E: Sally.Green@cityandguilds.com

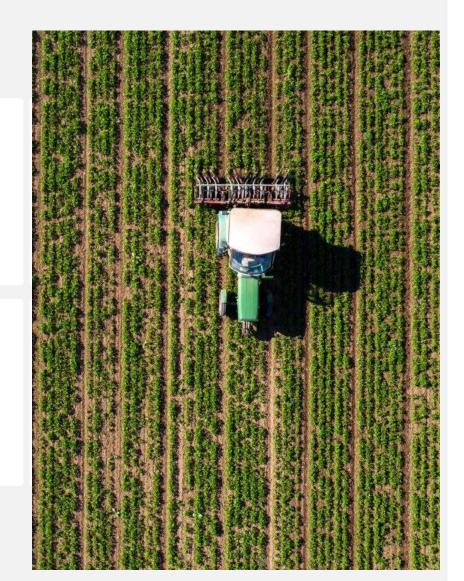


#### Alison Whittle

Technical Advisor - Post 16



E: Alison.Whittle@cityandguilds.com



### Agenda



- High level overview of the core assessments
- Assessment objectives-relating to question types
- Use of command verbs in questions
- Question types using sample assessments
- Support resources



- Occupational specialism assessments
- Delivery and curriculum planning outside of the Technical Qualification
- Progression or industry placements.

\*\* If you missed our previous Land T Level webinars, you can find the recordings and slide deck on our T Level events page here.

# High Level Overview of Core Assessments for Agriculture, Land Management & Production



How many assessments are there? What are the assessments ? What is being assessed and how is it being assessed?

How are the core

assessments marked and graded?

What do I have to do ?

When do I need to start preparing learners for the assessments?

Q&A

What resources are there to support the assessments?

When do learners take the assessments ?

Can learners retake/resit the core assessments and if so, when?

#### **Overview of the Core Assessment for ALMP**

#### **Core component –** Learners must complete all assessment components60

Assessment component	Method	Duration	Marks	Weighting	Marking	Grading
Common core exam paper 1	Externally set exam	2 hours	80		Externally marked	This
Core pathway exam paper 2	Externally set exam	2 hours	80	60%	Externally marked	component will be awarded on the grade scale A* -E
Employer-set project	Externally set project	17 hours	90	40%	Externally marked	

# Technical Qualification – Theory exams for Common Core and Core Pathways

#### **ALMP Common Core Theory Paper 1**

The common core exam paper has each been split into two sections which will be made up of different question types including short answer questions, structured questions, and extended response questions.

The common core and core pathway exams will follow the same structure, but each exam will cover different technical content. In both the common core and the core pathway papers the level of difficulty will increase through the papers with lower demand questions at the beginning of the question paper to higher demand questions at the end of the question paper.

#### Paper 1 - Common Core (10 Elements) (2hrs)

Section A is weighted at 55% and is made up of 44 marks and includes 16 short answer and medium answer questions of a low tariff and medium tariff value. These short answer questions which target recall of knowledge, demonstration of understanding and application of knowledge and understanding.

Section B is weighted at 45% and is made up of 36 marks and includes 3 extended response questions. which target application of knowledge and understanding and analysis and evaluation of information and issues.

	Element
1	Health and safety
2	Sustainability
3	Working in the Agriculture, Environmental and Animal Care sector
4	Ethics
5	Business
6	Equality
7	Communication
8	Relationship management
9	Finance
10	Information and data

#### ALMP Core Pathway Theory Paper 2 Crop, Woodland and Horticulture

The common core exam paper has each been split into two sections which will be made up of different question types including short answer questions, structured questions, and extended response questions.

The common core and core pathway exams will follow the same structure, but each exam will cover different technical content. In both the common core and the core pathway papers the level of difficulty will increase through the papers with lower demand questions at the beginning of the question paper to higher demand questions at the end of the question paper.

# Paper 2 – Core Pathway Crop, Woodland and Horticulture (5 elements) (2hrs)

**Section A** is weighted at 55% and is made up of **44** marks and includes **14** short answer and medium answer questions of a **low tariff and medium tariff value**.

These short answer questions which target recall of knowledge, demonstration of understanding and application of knowledge and understanding.

Section B is weighted at 45% and is made up of 36 marks and includes 3 extended response questions. which target application of knowledge and understanding and analysis and evaluation of information and issues.

Element1Health and safety2Sustainability3Biosecurity4Supply chain5Plant growth and development

#### ALMP Core Pathway Theory Paper 2 Land-based Engineering

The common core exam paper has each been split into two sections which will be made up of different question types including short answer questions, structured questions, and extended response questions.

The common core and core pathway exams will follow the same structure, but each exam will cover different technical content. In both the common core and the core pathway papers the level of difficulty will increase through the papers with lower demand questions at the beginning of the question paper to higher demand questions at the end of the question paper.

#### Paper 2 – Core Pathway Land-based Engineering

#### (8 elements) (2hrs)

Section A is weighted at 55% and is made up of 44 marks and includes 15 short answer and medium answer questions of a low tariff and medium tariff value. These short answer questions which target recall of knowledge, demonstration of understanding and application of knowledge and understanding.

Section B is weighted at 45% and is made up of 36 marks and includes 3 extended response questions. which target application of knowledge and understanding and analysis and evaluation of information and issues.

	Element
1	Health and safety
2	Sustainability
3	Biosecurity
4	Supply chain
5	Types of land-based equipment and machinery
6	Operating principles of integrated and stand-alone systems and components
7	Land-based equipment and machinery maintenance
8	Repair land-based equipment and machinery

#### **ALMP Core Pathway Theory Paper 2 Livestock Production**

The common core exam paper has each been split into two sections which will be made up of different question types including short answer questions, structured questions, and extended response questions.

The common core and core pathway exams will follow the same structure, but each exam will cover different technical content. In both the common core and the core pathway papers the level of difficulty will increase through the papers with lower demand questions at the beginning of the question paper to higher demand questions at the end of the question paper.

#### Paper 2 – Core Pathway Livestock Production (10 elements) (2hrs)

Section A is weighted at 55% and is made up of 44 marks and includes 12 short answer and medium answer questions of a low tariff and medium tariff value. These short answer questions which target recall of knowledge, demonstration of understanding and application of knowledge and understanding.

Section B is weighted at 45% and is made up of 36 marks and includes 3 extended response questions. which target application of knowledge and understanding and analysis and evaluation of information and issues.

	Element
1	Health and safety
2	Sustainability
3	Biosecurity
4	Supply chain
5	Stock management 'non feed'
6	Bodily systems
7	Nutrition
8	Medicine
9	Technology and equipment
10	Data and information

#### **ALMP Core Pathway Theory Paper 2 Floristry**

The common core exam paper has each been split into two sections which will be made up of different question types including short answer questions, structured questions, and extended response questions.

The common core and core pathway exams will follow the same structure, but each exam will cover different technical content. In both the common core and the core pathway papers the level of difficulty will increase through the papers with lower demand questions at the beginning of the question paper to higher demand questions at the end of the question paper.

#### Paper 2 – Core Pathway Floristry (7 elements ) (2hrs)

Section A is weighted at 55% and is made up of 44 marks and includes 14 short answer and medium answer questions of a low tariff and medium tariff value. These short answer questions which target recall of knowledge, demonstration of understanding and application of knowledge and understanding.

Section B is weighted at 45% and is made up of 36 marks and includes 3 extended response questions. which target application of knowledge and understanding and analysis and evaluation of information and issues.

	Element
1	Health and safety
2	Sustainability
3	Biosecurity
4	Supply chain
5	Data and documentation
6	Business
7	Plant biology

#### **Assessment Objectives for the Core Exam**

#### Core exam

Assessment objective	Description
AO1a Demonstrate knowledge	The ability to demonstrate basic recall of relevant knowledge in response to straightforward questioning eg material properties. In the exam, this helps to give confidence in sufficiency of coverage of the content, and recognises that not all knowledge requires further understanding eg terminology, number facts, etc.
AO1b Demonstrate understanding	The ability to explain principles and concepts beyond recall of definitions, but in a general way – i.e. out of a particular context in response to straightforward questioning eg simple concepts and terms of description in agricultural contexts.
AO2 Apply knowledge and understanding to different situations and context	Using and applying knowledge and understanding taking the understanding of generalities and applying them to specific situations. Questions are likely to ask for application in relation to a straightforward situation eg assessing the application of a single concept and the application of essential mathematical concepts. It is more granular than the more extended synthesis/creation that may respond to an analysis of a more holistic complex situation/brief.
AO3a Analyse and information and issues	Complex thinking that distinguishes patterns and relationships, breaking material into constituent parts, and determining how the parts are related to one another and holistically, inferring underlying assumptions/conditions/relevance/causation.
AO3b Evaluate information and issues	The ability to make judgements about the value, for some purpose, of own or others' work/ideas/solutions/methods using internal or external criteria or standards relevant for the occupational area. These criteria may include eg quality, accuracy, effectiveness, efficiency, coherence, consistency, and may be quantitative or qualitative.

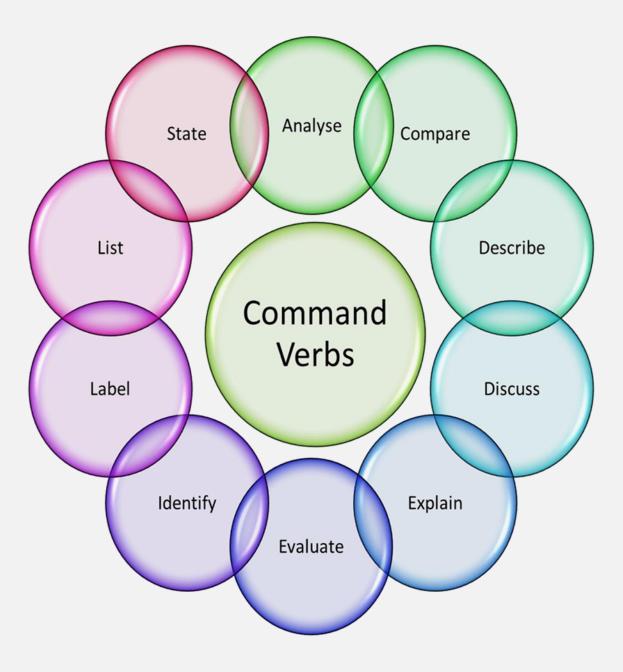
Assessment Objectives	Mark allocation
AO1a Demonstrate knowledge	10%
The ability to demonstrate recall of relevant knowledge in response to straightforward questioning.	
AO1b Demonstrate understanding	15%
The ability to explain principles and concepts beyond recall of definitions, but in a general way – i.e. out of a particular context in response to straight forward questioning.	
AO2 Apply knowledge and understanding to different situations and contexts	45%
Using and applying knowledge and understanding, taking the understanding of generalities and applying them to specific situations. Questions are likely to ask for application in relation to a straightforward situation.	
AO3a Analyse information & issues	30%
Complex thinking that distinguishes patterns and relationships, breaking material into constituent parts, and determining how the parts are related to one another and holistically, inferring underlying assumptions / conditions /relevance / causation.	
AO3b Evaluate information & issues	
The ability to make judgements about the value, for some purpose, of own or others' work / ideas / solutions / methods using internal or external criteria or standards relevant for the occupational area. These criteria may include e.g., quality, accuracy, effectiveness, efficiency, coherence, consistency, and may be quantitative or qualitative.	

# The use of command verbs in relation to question types

### **Exam Preparation**

In examinations, certain words, often called command words, are used as prompts to give an indication to learners of the type of response that is expected by the question. These words include 'state', 'describe', 'explain' and 'discuss'.

Command verbs in exam papers are the words your learners need to understand. They tell you what level of /depth of response the examiner is looking for.



Command word	Definition	Likely AO(s)
Identify	recognise something, usually from an image, and state what it is	AO1a
Label	add names or descriptions, indicating their positions, on e.g. an image/ drawing	AO1a
List	give as many answers/ examples as the question indicates	AO1a
State	give the answer, clearly and carefully	AO1a
Name	give the (technical) name of something	AO1a
Select	choose (e.g. the correct material/tool for the job) by making careful decisions	AO1a
Define	give the meaning of something, usually of a technical term	AO1a
Describe a	write what something is like - usually what it looks, tastes, feels, sounds like etc,	AO1a
Describe the process for	give the steps in a process	AO1a
<b>Compare</b> (and contrast) (or <i>describe</i> the similarities/differences)	look for and describe the similarities (and differences) between two or more things/ circumstances	AO1b
Differentiate between	show or find the characteristic differences between two or more similar things/ concepts	AO1b
Distinguish between	describe the characteristic differences between two things, or make one thing seem different from another	AO1b
Annotate	add explanatory notes and comments	AO1b
Give example(s)	use examples or images to support, clarify or demonstrate e.g. an explanation	AO1b
Illustrate/ Calculate	work out the answer to a problem using mathematical operators and concepts	AO1b
Summarise	give the main/ key points, which give a broad overview of something	AO1b
Explain the	make clear or easy to understand by giving details and linked reasoning	AO1b

Command word	Definition	Likely AO(s)
<b>Explain</b> why /consequences of/ reasons for	give the causes of/ rational for something	AO1b, AO2
Explain how	Give the steps in e.g. a process, clarifying causal relationships	AO2/AO3
Discuss	talk/write about a topic in detail, considering the different issues, ideas, opinions related to it	AO3
Analyse	study or examine usually a complex issue in detail to identify essential elements, causes, characteristics etc	AO3
Give a rationale	Explain why you have taken particular actions/ decisions	AO3
Justify your decisions	Make a case for the decisions/ actions taken explaining why they particularly meet the particular circumstances/ context	AO3
<b>Describe</b> the effect of (e.g. an event) <b>Describe</b> the effect on	write about what has changed/happened because of the e.g. event	AO2/AO3
Evaluate	Make an analysis about the success/ quality of e.g. end product/outcome – usually systematic, proposing improvements	AO3

#### How the application of command verbs in questions works in practise

**AO1 (a)** Demonstrate knowledge-all AOs require the ability to recall knowledge. AO1a) refers to instances where the learner is simply required to demonstrate basic recall **(10% weighting)** 

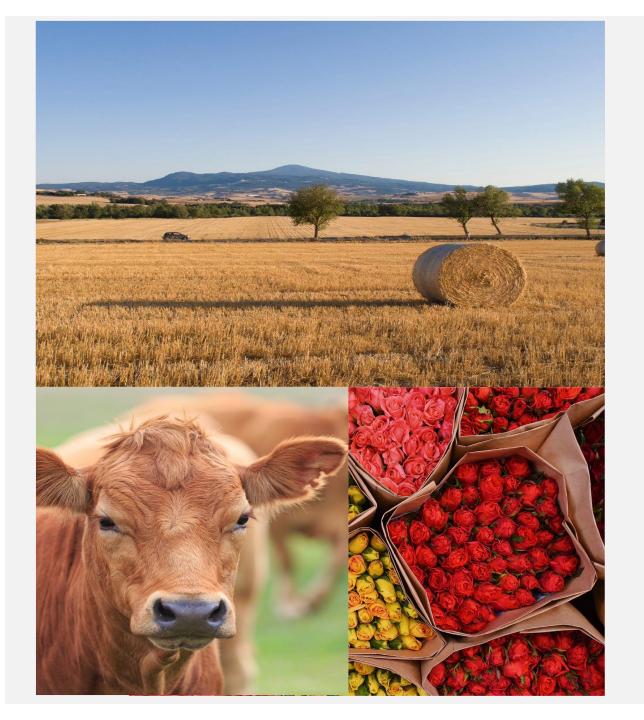
AO1 (b) Demonstrate understanding- The ability to explain principles and concepts beyond recall (15% weighting)

AO2 Apply knowledge and understanding to different situations and context (45% weighting)

AO3 Analyse and evaluate information and issues (30% weighting)

- Short, lower-tariff (marks) question types, 'state, list'-type, recall questions typically require a separate point per mark AO1 (a)
- Medium- tariff (marks) question types, 'explain'-type questions may require a point or limited explanation for 1 mark with a further mark available for more depth or explanation AO1 (b)
- Higher tariff 6-12 mark question types, 'discuss'-type questions expect a higher quality of response for higher marks, and these are usually marked using level of response marking (bands) AO2 and AO3

# **Sample Questions**



#### **Examples of question types**

Common Core Exam Core Pathway Exam Extended Response Questions

#### **Common Core Exam – Section A**

Explain two ways that continuous professional development benefits an employer. 8

(4 marks)

	<b>Q</b> 8	Explain <b>two</b> ways that continuous professional development benefits an employer. (4 marks)
	Mark Scheme	<ul> <li>Improved/up to date skills positively impacting staff performance (1) leading to improvements in employer performance (1)</li> <li>Improved confidence / self-esteem / valued by an</li> </ul>
Command verb is explain:		employer positively impacting motivation / feeling of belonging (1) <b>either</b> leading to improved staff retention reducing costs / retaining expertise (1)
Explain - make clear		<ul> <li>Investment in an individual over time, enhances their skills / understanding of how an organisation operates (1), helping to support internal talent development / increases skilled work force(1)</li> <li>Credit any other appropriate response.</li> </ul>
Key words learners need to	Total marks	4
understand are <b>two</b> , <b>CPD</b> , and <b>benefits</b> .	AO	AO1b
	Qual spec reference	3.3 Development opportunities

#### **Common Core Exam – Section B (Extended Response Questions)**

A land-based company has recently started using a new piece of equipment. The company has reported five near misses associated with this piece of equipment which has triggered a Health and Safety Executive HSE investigation, as the incidents were potentially fatal. However, following the investigation the equipment is found to be in correct working order and is not faulty or dangerous if used correctly.

Staff are now reluctant to use the equipment, but it is essential that they use it as it is needed in their day-to-day work.

Analyse the direct and indirect consequences of poor health and safety standards on the company and justify techniques and methods that could be used to promote health and safety standards amongst the workforce.

(12 marks)

Command verbs are **analyse** (study/examine a complex issue in detail to identify essential elements) and **justify** (make a case for the decisions/actions taken with reference to the context). **Key words:** direct, indirect, consequences, promote

These type of questions are designed for stretch and challenge and provide opportunity for differentiation of learners.

For less able learners you may need to break these types of questions down during formative assessments to support learners in accessing marks.

### **Indicative Content**

#### Analysis:

Financial:

- Potential compensation claims if issue keeps occurring and results in injury/ fatality. (direct)
- Cost of any repairs/ replacement of equipment if issue is linked to the specific piece of equipment. (direct)
- Cost of retraining staff to use new equipment safely (indirect)
- Increased insurance premiums if injury occurs (indirect)
- Consequences of non-compliance of health and safety legislation, including prosecution, fines, legal fees and enforcement notices (direct)
   Emotional:
- Stress/ mental well-being of staff potentially impacting and increasing staff sickness/staff retention (employees and employers) (indirect) Reputation
- Loss of reputation can potentially reduce sales and profits. (indirect)
- Bad publicity if the number of near misses and potential for more serious injury gets out into the public. (indirect)

#### Justify techniques and methods.

- Regular health and safety training to include new equipment to ensure safety of workers
- Provide safe equipment and systems of work
- Continued correct reporting and recording of near misses to ensure correct action is taken to prevent further near misses and relevant training can be provided
- Internal investigations to prevent further incidents and accidents
- Implementation of standard operating procedures to improve safe working practices and health and safety procedures
- Provide and use of appropriate and suitable PPE to ensure safety of all workers and prevent accidents
- Revision of risk assessments put processes in place to minimise future risks
- Organisational procedural documents or policies to improve efficiencies and reduce costs
- Contact health and safety specialist/ consultant for advisory visit/ regular health and safety audits to reduce potential liability for the company/ to maintain reputation of the company

### **Mark Scheme**

Band	Marks	Descriptor
	10-12	Demonstrates comprehensive application of knowledge and understanding in relation to poor health and safety standards and the direct and indirect consequences this has on a company.
4		Demonstrates comprehensive use of analysis of the direct and indirect consequences to the company with a comprehensive review of the poor health and safety standards.
		Demonstrates comprehensive evaluative skills by justifying a broad range of actions to promote health and safety standards. Justifications are convincing and supported with valid reasoning.
		Demonstrates thorough application of knowledge and understanding in relation to poor health and safety standards and the direct and indirect consequences this has on a company.
3	7-9	Demonstrates thorough use of analysis of the direct and indirect consequences to the company with a thorough review of the poor health and safety standards.
		Demonstrates thorough evaluative skills by justifying a good range of actions to promote health and safety standards. Justifications are credible and supported with mostly accurate reasoning.
		Demonstrates good application of knowledge and understanding in relation to poor health and safety standards and the direct and indirect consequences this has on a company.
2	4-6	Demonstrates good use of analysis of direct and indirect consequences to the company with a good review of the poor health and safety standards.
		Demonstrates good evaluative skills by justifying a range of actions to promote health and safety standards. Justifications are brief and supported with some reasoning.
1		Demonstrates basic application of knowledge and understanding in relation to poor health and safety standards and the direct and indirect consequences this has on a company
	1-3	Demonstrates basic use of analysis of direct and indirect consequences to the company with a basic review of poor health and safety standards.
		Demonstrates basic evaluative skills by justifying a limited range of actions to promote health and safety standards. Justifications are limited and are not always supported.
	0	No relevant material

Band	Marks	Descriptor
4	10-12	Demonstrates comprehensive application of knowledge and understanding in relation to poor health and safety standards and the direct and indirect consequences this has on a company. Demonstrates comprehensive use of analysis of the direct and indirect consequences to the company with a comprehensive review of the poor health and safety standards. Demonstrates comprehensive evaluative skills by justifying a broad range of actions to promote health and safety standards. Justifications are convincing and supported with valid reasoning.
1	1-3	Demonstrates basic application of knowledge and understanding in relation to poor health and safety standards and the direct and indirect consequences this has on a company Demonstrates basic use of analysis of direct and indirect consequences to the company with a basic review of poor health and safety standards. Demonstrates basic evaluative skills by justifying a limited range of actions to promote health and safety standards. Justifications are limited and are not always supported.

### Floristry Core Pathway Exam – Section A

3	State <b>two</b> environmental requirements for a floristry business.	(2 marks)

Command verb is State:

State - give the relevant points briefly

Key words learners need to understand are **two**, **environmental** and **business**.

<b>Q</b> 3	State <b>two</b> working environmental requirements for a floristry business.				
Mark Scheme	<ul> <li>Ventilation (1)</li> <li>Lighting (1)</li> <li>Space (1)</li> <li>Working area (1)</li> <li>Storage facilities (1)</li> <li>Temperatures (1)</li> </ul>	Marking guidance Award 1 mark for each correct response to a maximum of 2 marks. Credit other suitable responses.			
Total marks	2				
AO	AO1a				
Qual spec reference	1.3 The environmental requirements for a floristry business.				

### Livestock Production Core Pathway Exam – Section A

10 A local farm produces and sells pigs. There is currently an oversupply of pigs onto the market which is expected to last for a three-month period.

Explain two impacts of this oversupply in the market on the farm business.

(4 marks)

	Q10	A local farm produces and sells pigs. There is currently an oversupply of pigs onto the market which is expected to last for a three-month period. Explain <b>two</b> impacts of this oversupply in the market on the farm business.			
Command verb is explain: <b>Explain</b> - make clear Key words learners need to	Mark Scheme	<ul> <li>The pigs cannot be sold to the butcher at the optimal weight so they will not meet market specification at the point of sale (1) and the price will fall meaning a reduction in sales price and profit (1)</li> <li>Input costs will be higher, and profitability will be lower for the overall farm business (1) as feed and bedding/husbandry costs will increase as the pigs will have to remain on the farm as they cannot be sold for the three-month period (1)</li> <li>Additional pigs on the farm could mean that stocking levels could be too high for the available space as the oversupply impacts on the usual schedule of when pigs are sold to the butcher (1) which may lead to welfare breaches with potential impacts on farm assurance status (1)</li> </ul>	Marking guidance Award 1 mark for each basic explanation, and award 1 further mark for each developed explanation, to a maximum of 2 marks. Award a maximum of 4 marks for two impacts fully explained. Credit any other appropriate response.		
understand are <b>two, impacts,</b> oversupply and market.	Total marks	4			
	AO	AO2			
	Qual spec reference				

### Land Based Engineering Core Pathway Exam – Section A

1	Recycling is one of the principles of waste management.			
	a) Name <b>one</b> other principle.	(1 marl	k) —	
	b) State how a business must dispose of a faulty battery.	(1 mar	— (k)	
		Q1	Recycling is one of the principles of waste management.	
_			<ul><li>a) Name one other principle.</li><li>b) State how a business must dispose of a faulty battery.</li></ul>	(1 mark) (1 mark)
	Command verbs are State/Name: <b>State</b> - give the relevant points briefly <b>Name</b> – give the (technical) name of something Key words learners need to understand are	Mark Scheme	<ul> <li>a)</li> <li>Refuse (1)</li> <li>Reduce (1)</li> <li>Repurpose (1)</li> <li>b)</li> <li>Through a licensed waste disposal company (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Marking guidance <ul> <li>a) Award 1 mark for 1</li> <li>other correct principle.</li> </ul> </li> <li>b) Award 1 mark for a correct statement.</li> <li>Credit any other appropriate response.</li> <li>Do not accept responses for disposal of the battery at a council refuse site which is not permitted for commercial waste.</li> </ul>
	recycling, principles and waste	Total	2	
	management.	marks AO	AO1a	
	-	Qual spec reference	2.2 Waste management principles.	

# Trees & Woodland, Horticulture and Crop CorePathway Exam – Section ABandMarksDesc

14 Japanese knotweed (*Reynoutria japonica*) has been identified on a site/field your business is working on which is located immediately next to a housing development.

Discuss the implications that the landowner should consider.

(6 marks)

Command verb is Discuss:

**Discuss** - write about a topic in detail, considering the different issues

Key words learners need to understand are Japanese knotweed, implications and landowner.

Band Marks		Descriptor
3	5-6	Demonstrates thorough application of knowledge and understanding of common invasive plant species and associated legislation. Reasoning for implications that the landowner should consider is detailed and accurate and points are well linked.
2	3-4	Demonstrates good application of knowledge and understanding of common invasive plant species and associated legislation. Reasoning for implications that the landowner should consider is good and some points are linked together.
1	1-2	Demonstrates basic application of knowledge and understanding of common invasive plant species and associated legislation. Reasoning for implications that the landowner should consider is limited and points are not linked together.
0 No relevant material		No relevant material

#### Indicative content Implications:

- Japanese knotweed is classed as a controlled plant under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 so must be treated as an invasive plant.
- According to DEFRA guidance you must stop Japanese knotweed on your land from spreading off your property so the landowner must take action.
- Although it is not a legal obligation to remove Japanese knotweed off your land if it's not causing a nuisance, you can be prosecuted for causing it to spread into the wild
- Legal action from the owner of the adjacent land (housing development) is a possibility.
- Japanese knotweed is classed as 'controlled waste' under the Environmental Protection Act 1990 so would need to be managed under this classification <u>e.g.</u> removal, storage, disposal, use of land.
- Even the slightest piece of Japanese knotweed can still regrow what are the future risks/concerns. Can take several years to control.
- Effects future use of the site.
- Devalues site as an asset.

### Trees & Woodland, Horticulture and Crop Core Pathway -Section B (Extended Response Questions)

Q15	A plant production facility which imports plant material has discovered an insect in a consignment that it has received from outside the UK. The insect has been identified by the Animal and Plant Health Authority as a pest. Analyse the potential impacts on the plant production business of finding the insect pest and justify actions to take to manage these impacts.
	(12 marks)

Command verbs are **analyse** (study/examine a complex issue in detail to identify essential elements) and **justify** (make a case for the decisions/actions taken with reference to the context). **Key words:** impacts, consignment, pest, manage

These type of questions are designed for stretch and challenge and provide opportunity for differentiation of learners.

For less able learners you may need to break these types of questions down during formative assessments to support learners in accessing marks.

### **Indicative Content**

#### Potential impacts on the business of managing the insect pest:

- Cost and safety implications of treating the pest: impact on profit, time to do, how ensure it has been successful. Most insect pests are harmless to humans.
- Requirement to notify authorities of the details of the presence of the pest; additional restrictions may be imposed by the authority.
- Impact on reputation because of affected plants; drop in sales.
- Need to shut down or restrict access to all plant materials; takes up storage space, needs to be isolated from other materials, costs of biosecurity measures.
- Restrictions to movement, sale and disposal of the infected plant material.
- Consideration of the Plant Health Act 1967 and amendments
- Expense of replacing stock; impact on profit and staff time, additional cost for reassurance of bio security (passports, additional inspections)
- Delay whilst wait for replacements to arrive: impact on reputation with existing customers, loss of trust, impact on future sales.
- Cost of disposal of plant material that needs to be managed by an external contractor if the insects are found on the plants; impact on profit, waiting for them to act, storage in the meantime.
- · Distribution before pest noticed and identified
- Reputational impact which could lead to loss of business: expense, time, risk to reputation, compensation/replacement.

#### Justifications of actions to manage the impacts of the insect pest:

- Quarantine the batch of plant material, not just visibly affected plant materials to avoid and control the spread of the insect pest (internal and external):
  - Regular monitoring/reporting to observe possible spread, and control and manage the risk.
- Immediately contact the Animal and Plant Health Agency to report the details of the imported pest because this is a legal requirement (Plant Health Act 1967)
- Pest control/spraying to kill the insect pest. Health & Safety legislation requirements must be met (e.g. COSHH, Pesticide Application Certificate of Competence), and relevant chemical safety data should be observed.
- If the plant is significantly damaged destroy the plant to save on the resources used to maintain the plant.
- If the plant is otherwise healthy it can be grown on for efficient use of business resources.
- Arrange disposal of affected plants by an external contractor where necessary to ensure compliance with legislation.
- Notifying customers who may have been affected, in order to comply with legal requirements.
- Undertake publicity activities to restore customer confidence, ensure business and reputation can be maintained.
- Undertake promotional activities to increase sales and compensate for lost business.
- Consider temporary or partial business closure to manage the situation and provide customer confidence in how the situation is being dealt with
- Follow contingency planning to source alternative supplier(s) who may be able to deliver direct to customers.
- Storage and handling to reduce the risk of spreading the insect pest:
  - Comprehensive inspection to assess the scale of the pest infestation.
  - Review quarantine procedures to ensure these remain compliant and able to cope with the scale and possible range of situations.
  - Employ and continually review hygiene practices: disinfection, personal, stores, equipment, staff training.
  - This increases costs to the business which the business will have to absorb.
- Transportation: to reduce the risk of spreading the insect pest:
  - Inspection of transport hygiene and disinfection before loading and leaving the plant production facility
- Sourcing reliable (clean) replacement plant materials to continue running the business.
- Staff training to become aware and be able to recognise and identify any new pests, to ensure continuous monitoring of plant materials and awareness of potential issues.

#### Mark Scheme

Band	Marks	Descriptor
	10-12	Demonstrates comprehensive application of knowledge and understanding of biosecurity principles and plant health legislation in relation to impacts on the business of finding the insect pest.
4		Demonstrates comprehensive use of analysis of potential impacts on the plant production business of finding the insect pest, with a comprehensive review of the requirements of biosecurity principles and plant health legislation.
		Demonstrates comprehensive evaluative skills by justifying an excellent range of actions to manage these impacts. Justifications are convincing and supported with valid reasoning.
		Demonstrates thorough application of knowledge and understanding of biosecurity principles and plant health legislation in relation to impacts on the business of finding the insect pest.
3	7-9	Demonstrates thorough use of analysis of potential impacts on the plant production business of finding the insect pest, with a thorough review of the requirements of biosecurity principles and plant health legislation.
		Demonstrates thorough evaluative skills by justifying a good range of actions to manage these impacts. Justifications are credible and supported with mostly accurate reasoning.
2	4-6	Demonstrates good application of knowledge and understanding of biosecurity principles and plant health legislation in relation to impacts on the business of finding the insect pest.
		Demonstrates good use of analysis of potential impacts on the plant production business of finding the insect pest, with a good review of the requirements of principles and plant health legislation.
		Demonstrates good evaluative skills by justifying a moderate range of actions to manage these impacts. Justifications are brief and supported with some reasoning.
	1-3	Demonstrates basic application of knowledge and understanding of biosecurity principles and plant health legislation in relation to impacts on the business of finding the insect pest.
1		Demonstrates basic use of analysis of potential impacts on the plant production business of finding the insect pest, with a basic review of the requirements of biosecurity principles and plant health legislation.
		Demonstrates basic evaluative skills by justifying a limited range of actions to manage these impacts. Justifications are limited and are not always supported.
	0	No relevant material

	Band	Marks	Descriptor
•	4	10-12	Demonstrates comprehensive application of knowledge and understanding of biosecurity principles and plant health legislation in relation to impacts on the business of finding the insect pest. Demonstrates comprehensive use of analysis of potential impacts on the plant production business of finding the insect pest, with a comprehensive review of the requirements of biosecurity principles and plant health legislation. Demonstrates comprehensive evaluative skills by justifying an excellent range of actions to manage these impacts. Justifications are convincing and supported with valid reasoning.
•	1	1-3	Demonstrates basic application of knowledge and understanding of biosecurity principles and plant health legislation in relation to impacts on the business of finding the insect pest. Demonstrates basic use of analysis of potential impacts on the plant production business of finding the insect pest, with a basic review of the requirements of biosecurity principles and plant health legislation. Demonstrates basic evaluative skills by justifying a limited range of actions to manage these impacts. Justifications are limited anc are not always supported.

# Technical Qualification – Employer Set Project

### The Employer Set Project (ESP)

Employer-set project							
8717-301 Crop, Woodland and Horticulture	Externally set project	17 hours	90	40%	Externally marked		
8717-302 Land-based engineering	Externally set project	17 hours	90	40%	Externally marked		
8717-303 Livestock	Externally set project	17 hours	90	40%	Externally marked		
8717-304 Floristry	Externally set project	17 hours	90	40%	Externally marked		

### What is the ESP ?

The employer-set project is a classroom-based assessment undertaken in controlled conditions, (*not invigilated conditions*) as prescribed within the candidate and centre guidance packs.

The core employer-set project (ESP) sub-component assesses the skills and application of the core knowledge of the TQ. Each project will be developed together with employers in the industry to reflect realistic types of developments, activities and challenges.

The Employer-set project will cover knowledge and core skills from the Agriculture, Environmental and Animal Care **common core** and the mandatory **core pathway** that has been chosen.

The tasks are:

- Research
- Report
- Plan
- Peer review
- Evaluate and present

A new brief will be set for each series covering different topics. However, the number and type of tasks will remain the same for each series, as will the marks and weightings for each task. It is the project brief content and topic that will change.

### More Information on the ESP

The employer-set project samples content from across the core of the Technical Qualification (TQ). However, due to their importance all versions of the employer-set project will cover content from the following core underpinning knowledge outcomes of specific knowledge and skills for each specialism will be assessed in the practical assignments:

# The project is linked to the core skills and draws on the content from the core knowledge and assesses the following core skills:

Details and suggestions for delivery of each core skill can be found in the QHB

Analysing Communicating Critical thinking Decision making Investigating Working in a team

Learners will be marked on the quality and accuracy of the written work they produce.

### **ESP for all four Core pathways**

#### Scheduling of the Employer-set project assessments

The Employer-set project assessment window will occur from March to May annually. Specific dates will be released annually through the key date schedule for the following academic year.

Task	Scheduling	Task duration
1 Research	City & Guilds sets the assessment window for the centre to timetable	6 hours
2 Report	City & Guilds sets the assessment window for the centre to timetable	4 hours
3 Plan	City & Guilds sets the assessment window for the centre to timetable	4 hours
4 Peer review	City & Guilds sets the assessment window for the centre to timetable	1 hour
5 Evaluate and present	City & Guilds sets the assessment window for the centre to timetable	2 hours

Assessment objective	Typical evidence	*Approxima weighting
AO1 Plan approach to meeting the brief	Evidence of a planned approach to work, considered sequence of activity, evidence of prioritisation, review, and iterative working. Clearly structured response to brief, cohesive response with ordered sections, logical approach to referencing, research and use of sources, response completed meeting required parameters, sources used effectively and integrated into response, effective use of time allocation available for presentations.	13.3%
AO2 Apply core knowledge and skills as appropriate	Linking knowledge principles and ideas and applying them in context of the brief when considering compiling response use of materials, concepts etc. Applying core skills eg communication, planning etc. appropriately throughout tasks within project.	50%
AO3 Select relevant techniques and resources to meet the brief	Selection of techniques and resources in order to support a response to the brief; consideration of the techniques and resources that are most effective and appropriate to use, and accurate and informed use of these.	13.3%
AO4 Use maths, English and digital skills	Use of correct terminology, abbreviations, units of measurement in context, consideration of audience of brief response (technical versus non-technical wording), use of calculations/diagrams etc., appropriately, consideration of the use of ICT and digital methods both in brief response and in evidence presentation.	10%
AO5 Realise project outcome and review how well the outcome meets the brief	Considered analysis and evaluation of project outcome, response conclusion or evaluation, identification of solutions in response to brief problem with evidence of evaluation of other options and reasons for rejection of other options where not appropriate.	13.3%

### **ESP** tasks for all four core pathways

Task	Conditions	Evidence produced	Evidence submitted?	Timings	Marks available
1. Research	Supervised/	Research action plan	Yes	6 hours	12
	controlled	Research notes			
		List of references			
2. Report	Supervised/		Yes	4 hours	27
	controlled	Written report			
3.Plan	Supervised/	Project /implementation plan	Yes	4 hours	21
	controlled	Supporting statement			
4.Peer review	Supervised/	Candidate feedback form	Yes	1 hour	N/A
	controlled	Peer review form			
5. Evaluate and	Supervised/	Presentation materials	Yes	2 hours	21
present	controlled	Video recording of presentation and questions and answers			
			Total 17	hours	81
	9				
	90				

### **Timelines for assessments for curriculum planning**

Component	Series	Assessment type	Calendar Month/s	Assessment window/set date
Core exam 1	Summer series	Written exam	May/June	Set date
	Autumn series	Written exam	November	Set date
Core exam 2	Summer series	Written exam	May/June	Set date
	Autumn series	Written exam	November	Set date
Employer- set project	Summer series	Project	March/May	Set dates within assessment window
	Autumn series	Project	October/November	Set dates within assessment window
Occupational specialism	One series annually	Assignment	Please refer to the key date schedule for specific assessment windows for each Occupational Specialism.	

ESP window opens March date TBC –all tasks released to tutors one week beforehand to support planning Theory exam paper 1 June date TBC

Theory exam paper 2 June one week after paper 1 date TBC

## How we support you

Updates/Topics/Networks



Blended approach to communication

Provider networks and events

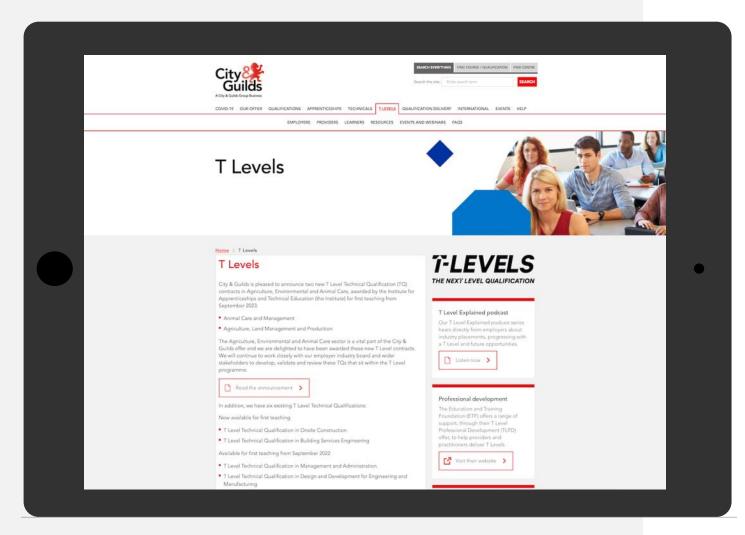
e-bulletin content and email updates

Website





40



### **Support and guidance**

Ready to support eligible providers and stakeholder engagement To find out more about City & Guilds T Levels, please visit our webpages

- Updated webpage for T Levels
- Proposed timeline
- Provider focus groups
- Employer Industry Boards
- e-bulletins
- Draft specifications
- Dedicated Technical Advisors

https://www.cityandguilds.com/tlevels

### **Support and guidance**



'T-LEVELS' is a registered trademark of the Department for Education. 'T Level' is a registered trademark of the Institute for Apprenticeships and Technical Education.

pre-delivery-providers-agriculture-environment-andanimal-care-pdf.ashx (cityandguilds.com)

#### **Associate Vacancies**

- There are a variety of contracted associate roles you may wish to apply for, such as:
  - External Quality Assurers
  - Moderators
  - Roles with our T Level Qualifications (Moderators, Principal Moderators, Technical Qualification Associates)
  - Examiners
- New roles are frequently added to the site, therefore do visit regularly to see new opportunities as they become available.
- Find out more about the current opportunities and how to apply.
- The roles are very different, therefore do read the guidance for each to support your application.

<u>Associate Vacancies | City & Guilds Group Careers</u> (cityandguildsgroup.com) The Principal Examiner roles for Land T-Levels (ALMP) are now live on our website. These roles will first be asked to write the question papers and Employer Set Projects (ESP), and then Occupational Specialisms (OS).

#### T Level Technical Qualification In Agriculture, Land Management And Production – (Core Question Paper 1)

<u>T Level Technical Qualification in Agriculture, Land Management and Production (10623) | City &</u> <u>Guilds Associate Vacancies (cityandguilds.com)</u>

T Level Technical Qualification in Agriculture, Land Management and Production (ALMP) – Core Pathway (Question Paper 2) for Crop, Woodland and Horticulture – Principal Examiner

<u>T Level Technical Qualification in Agriculture, Land Management and Production (10624) | City &</u> <u>Guilds Associate Vacancies (cityandguilds.com)</u>

T Level Technical Qualification in Agriculture, Land Management and Production (ALMP) – Core Pathway (Question Paper 2) for Livestock – Principal Examiner <u>T Level Technical Qualification in Agriculture, Land Management and Production (10625) | City &</u> <u>Guilds Associate Vacancies (cityandguilds.com)</u>

T Level Technical Qualification in Agriculture, Land Management and Production (ALMP) – Core Pathway (Question Paper 2) for Land Based Engineering – Principal Examiner

<u>T Level Technical Qualification in Agriculture, Land Management and Production (10626) | City &</u> <u>Guilds Associate Vacancies (cityandguilds.com)</u>

T Level Technical Qualification in Agriculture, Land Management and Production (ALMP) – Core Pathway (Question Paper 2) for Floristry- Principal Examiner <u>T Level Technical Qualification in Agriculture, Land Management and Production (10627) | City &</u> <u>Guilds Associate Vacancies (cityandguilds.com)</u>

### Survey

We would appreciate it if you would take the time to complete this short survey using the link or QR code:

#### T level Pre-Delivery Provider Support 2022/23



#### https://forms.office.com/e/P2MVEsWiKi



Institute for Apprenticeships & Technical Education

# **T-LEVELS**

Questions? Thank you for attending

January 2023

'T LEVELS' is a registered trademark of the Department for Education. 'T Level' is a registered trademark of the Institute for Apprenticeships and Technical Education.

