



7908-501 MARCH 2019 Level 3 Advanced Technical Diploma in Plastering (450)

Level 3 Plastering – Theory exam (Solid)

If provided, stick your candi barcode label here.		March 2019 2:00
Candidate name (first, last)		
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Candidate enrolment number	Date of birth (DDMMYYYY)	Gender (M/F)
Assessment date (DDMMYYYY)	Centre number	Candidate signature and declaration*

- If additional answer sheets are used, enter the additional number of pages in this box.
- **→** 0
- Before taking the examination, **all candidates** must check that their barcode label is in the appropriate box. Incorrectly placed barcodes may cause delays in the marking process.
- Please ensure that you staple additional answer sheets to the **back** of this answer booklet, clearly labelling these with your full name, enrolment number, centre number and qualification number in BLOCK CAPITALS.
- All candidates need to use a **black/blue** pen. **Do not** use a pencil or gel pen, unless otherwise instructed.
- If provided with source documents, these documents **will not** be returned to City & Guilds, and will be shredded. Do not write on the source documents.
- *I declare that I had no prior knowledge of the questions in this examination and that I will not divulge to any person any information about the questions.

You should have the following for this examination

• a pen with blue or black ink

General instructions

This question paper is the property of City and Guilds of London and should be returned after the examination

- This examination contains 28 questions. Answer all questions.
- **Section A** consist of **10** multiple choice questions, each carrying **1** mark.
- Indicate your response (a, b, c and d) in the space provided.
- **Section B** consist of **18** structured/short answer questions.
- Answer the guestions in the space provided.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets.
- Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Section A

1	What approved part of the Building Regulations does soundproofing of party walls in domestic dwelling comply with?			
	a) Part E. b) Part L. c) Part C. d) Part D.			
	Response:			
2	Which type of insulation is most suitable between rafters in a loft conversion?	(1 mark)		
	a) Fibreglass.b) Polyisocyanurate.c) Vermiculite.d) Polystyrene.			
	Response:			
3	What documentation is used to schedule labour and materials for a plastering contract?	(1 mark)		
	a) Programme of work.b) Method statement.c) Bill of quantities.d) Job sheet.			
	Response:			
4	What circumstance would instigate a toolbox talk?	(1 mark)		
	 a) Change in personal details. b) Re-directing site traffic. c) Change in local supplier. d) Re-scheduling labour. 			
	Response:			
5	What document is submitted to the building contractor when tendering for construction work?	(1 mark)		
	a) Labour schedules. b) Full drawings. c) Material specification. d) Bill of quantities. Response:			

6	What type of additive can increase the setting time of cement based backing plaster?	(1 mark)
	a) Retarder.b) Accelerator.c) Plasticiser.d) Waterproofer.	
	Response:	
7	Which background surface would be considered unsuitable for the application of gypsum base coat plaster?	(1 mark)
	a) Blockwork.b) Brickwork.c) Stone wall.d) Concrete beam.	
	Response:	
8	After applying the floating coat, which area must be cut back to allow for the application of finishing plaster?	(1 mark)
	a) Service box.b) Window boards.c) Door linings.d) Skirting board.	
	Response:	
9	Which background is compatible with finishing plaster?	(1 mark)
	a) Timber.b) Blockwork.c) Brickwork.d) Plasterboard.	
	Response:	
10	What plasterboard requires a sealing agent prior to applying finishing coat plasters?	(1 mark)
	a) Vapour board.b) Sound block.c) Moisture resistant.d) Fire line.	
	Response:	

Section B

11	require building control approval before commencing.	(2 marks)
12	Name two plastering materials that require COSHH assessment during manufacture.	(2 marks)
13	Explain the purpose of a risk assessment.	(2 marks)
14	Explain the importance of pre-planning construction work.	(4 marks)
15	List two features of using Computer Aided Design (CAD) when designing and constructing a building.	(2 marks)
16	List three common methods that are used on a construction site to ensure awareness of health and safety legislation amongst operatives.	(3 marks)

17 a) Give an example of an environmentally friendly energy system.

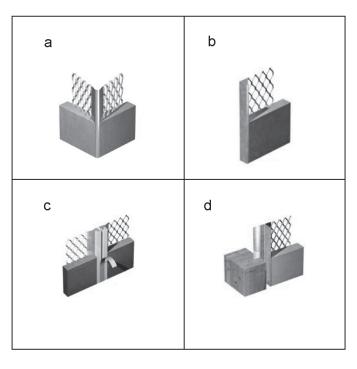
(1 mark)

b) Describe how installing the system mentioned in part a) can reduce a buildings energy consumption.

(2 marks)

18 Describe where each type of bead in Figure 1 would need to be fixed within a building.

(4 marks)



Source: www.condell-ltd.com

Figure 1

19	List two types of plastering materials used to reinforce a background that has a settled structural crack.	(2 marks)
20	Describe how to set out and fix standard angle beads to two parallel beams in a room.	(5 marks)
21	Explain why one coat plaster would be preferred for making good to solid walls.	(2 marks)
22	List two types of traditionally formed hard angles that can be formed on openings and returns.	(2 marks)

25 Identify **two** solid wall surfaces that will require preparing with beads before the application of a floating coat.

24 Describe **two** possible defects that could occur when applying backing plaster to

different types of background without correct preparation.

23 Describe how to set out and float out a small barrel ceiling on an EML background.

(2 marks)

26 Name **two** documents that are likely to contain information on the substances contained in gypsum pre-blended backing and finishing plaster.

(2 marks)

27 List **two** benefits of using thistle bonding over traditional sand and cement when 'making good' electrical chases in a housing scheme renovation contract.

(2 marks)

(12 marks)



A client has asked a plasterer to carry out renovation work on the inside of his detached house built from clay bricks as shown in Figure 2, which is to be treated for rising damp by a specialist contractor.

As the plasterer, you will be responsible for providing adequate protection to the property when removing and disposing of the existing plasterwork in a safe manner. You are also required to supply all the necessary plastering materials to reinstate the plasterwork to patch and blend into the original finish after the insertion of a chemical damp course.



Source: www.durbanwaterproofing.co.za

Figure 2

Propose how you would plan and carryout the work.				

