

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx \approx \frac{h}{2} [f(a) + f(b) + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} f(a + kh)]$$

Simpson's Rule with even number (n) of subintervals for [a,b], each of width h:

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx \approx \frac{h}{3} [f(a) + f(b) + 2 \sum_{r=1}^{n-1} f(a + 2rh) + 4 \sum_{r=1}^n f(a + \{2r - 1\}h)]$$

Euler numerical method for the solution of $\frac{dy}{dx} = f(x, y)$ using a step size h:

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + h f(x_n, y_n)$$

Improved Euler numerical method:

$$y_{n+1}^0 = y_n + h f(x_n, y_n) \text{ then}$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{2} [f(x_n, y_n) + f^0(x_{n+1}, y_{n+1}^0)]$$