0172-531/031

Underline essential technical terms to be seen in the answer

Embolden and, not or or within the answer to clarify requirements for the mark,

Use brackets to indicate text that is extraneous for the mark (but supports examiner understanding)

Use slash to separate alternative/equivalent acceptable terms within an answer

Standard wording:

Do **not** accept..... (Expected responses that are incorrect but close)

Q	Acceptable answer(s)	Guidance	Max mks	Ref
1a	1 mark for the following, maximum of 1 mark. Suitably Qualified Person (SQP)	Accept (SQP) Accept pharmacist	1	303- 4.1 AO1
1b	 1 mark for any appropriate treatment, maximum of 1 mark. Anti-tick treatment Worming treatment Any other appropriate response. 		1	303- 4.1 AO1
2a	 1 mark for any of the following, maximum of 1 mark. Canine distemper Canine parvovirus Kennel cough Leptospirosis Parainfluenza 	Do not accept rabies	1	303- 2.3 AO1
2b	 1 mark for any of the following, maximum of 2 marks. Two vaccinations, initial within the first 6 weeks (1), a second (booster) 2-4 weeks later (1) and an annual booster (1). Kennel cough - Administered from 2 weeks (1) with an annual booster (1). Any other appropriate response. 	Accept 6-8 weeks Accept answer if when vaccinations occur is correct, even if the disease identified in 2a is incorrect.	2	303- 2.3 AO1

	Confidential			
3	 1 mark each for the following, maximum of 6 marks Assess the area for danger (1) Restrain the animal (1) to prevent further injury (1) Ensure the airways are clear (1) to allow proper breathing (1) Stop/reduce blood loss by applying pressure (1), apply bandage/tourniquet (1) Keep the animal warm (1) to prevent further loss of temperature (1) Seek immediate veterinary treatment (1) 	Maximum of 3 marks for listing actions. Accept reassure/comfort the animal. Accept covering the head. Accept seek veterinary advice.	6	303- 4.1 AO2
4a	 1 mark for definition, 1 mark for example of airborne disease, maximum of 2 marks. Definition: Disease that can be transmitted through the air (1) Example of airborne disease: influenza (1) Any other acceptable airborne disease. 		2	303- 2.1 AO2
4b	 1 mark for any of the following, maximum of 4 marks. Can be transmitted without direct contact with the host animal (1) The disease can survive within the atmosphere within a period of time (1) More difficult to prevent than other types of disease transmission (1) Control of the disease is through altering the environment/accommodation/ e.g. control through putting up sneeze barriers (1). Any other appropriate response. 	Accept atmosphere or environment. Take the disease into consideration if mentioned.	4	303- 2.1 AO2

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5	1 mark for each nutrient, maximum of 5 marks.	b. Accept growth and repair.	5	304-
	a. Carbohydrates – major source of	c. Accept just hydration.		1.1
	energy/major source of fibre/improves bowel movement (1)	Accept temperature regulation		A01
	b. Protein – cell or tissue growth and	plasma.		
	repair/source of essential amino acids (1)			
	 c. Water – cell hydration/aids digestion/transportation of nutrients (1) 	d. Accept insulation.		
	d. Fats/Oils – improves skin or coat	e. No mark awarded for correct		
	condition/lubricates joints/energy storage (1) e. Vitamins – improves skin or coat	vitamin with incorrect function.		
	e. Vitamins – improves skin or coat condition/muscle growth/blood cell			
	production or blood clotting/skin or cell			
	production (1)			
	Any other appropriate response.			
6a	1 mark for the following, maximum of 1 mark.	Accept if the way the water is	1	304-
	Describes how the water should be presented to the	provided is justified.		4.1
	animal (1)	Accept why or how water is provided.		A02
<u> </u>	Any other appropriate response.	•	1	204
6b	1 mark for the following, maximum of 1 mark. An animals diet should be specific for species (1)	Accept condition of the animal.	1	304- 4.1
	suitable for the life stage of the animal (1)	Accept health of the animal.		A02
	Any other appropriate response.			
6c	1 mark for the following, maximum of 1 mark.	Accept wastage and cost.	1	304-
	The animal will become emaciated if not given	Accept explanation relating to		4.1
	enough food (1) the animal will become obese if given too much food (1)	specific life stage/working breed.		A02
	Any other appropriate response.	Accept health of the animal.		
7		Accept condition of the animal.	0	204
7	1 mark for any of the following, maximum of 8 marks.	Maximum of 4 marks for listing dietary requirements.	8	304- 3.2
	High protein levels (1) for growth and muscle repair (1).	Accept fed animal little and often		A02
	 High carbohydrates (1) to meet energy 	or morning, noon and night.		
	demands (1).			
	 Lower levels of fibre (1) to reduce gut fill during activity (1). 			
	 Increased water to be provided (1) due to 			
	fluid loss during activity (1)			
	 May need vitamin supplements (1) due to high activity (1) 			
	 May need calcium supplements (1) for bone 			
	strength (1)			
	 Smaller meals provided at regular intervals (1) 			
	 Not feeding prior to activity (1) 			
	Any other appropriate response.			
8	1 mark for any of the following, maximum of 3 marks.	Accept pacing.	3	305-
	Excessive grooming	Accept change in behaviour or		1.3
	Inappropriate spraying	atypical behaviour.		A02
	Defecating outside of the litter tray	Do not accept weaving.		
	Excessive scratching or biting			

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	Connuential			
	Increased vocalisationInappropriate sexual behaviour			
	Any other appropriate response.			
9	 1 mark for each comparison, maximum of 4 marks. Wild wolves stalk and catch their own food, whereas captive wolves are fed at predetermined times so have no need to hunt (1) More competition/aggression amongst wild wolves due to prey availability whereas captive wolves are more docile at feeding times as food is plentiful (1) Wild wolves live in packs with a natural, clear hierarchy whereas captive wolves are managed by keepers so don't enforce their own hierarchy (1) Wild wolves are naturally fearful of humans whereas captive wolves have become habituated/used to humans (1) Wild wolves have a natural selection of social group/mates, whereas captive wolves have controlled breeding (1) Any other suitable behavioural comparison. 	Mark awarded for each comparison as the second part of each answer will typically state the opposite of the first part.	4	305- 1.3 AO2
10a	 1 mark for definition, 1 mark for each example of instinctive behaviour (maximum of 2 marks), maximum of 3 marks overall. Definition: Instinctive behaviour is apparent from birth (1) and hasn't been taught or learned from another animal (1) 		3	305- 3.2 AO2
	Examples of instinctive behaviour:			
	 A new born lamb will try to stand and find the teat to suckle (1) A bird building a nest (1) 			
	Any other appropriate response.			

10b	1 mark for definition, 1 mark for each example of learned behaviour (maximum of 2 marks), maximum		3	305- 3.2
	 of 3 marks overall. Definition: Learned behaviour is acquired over time/not apparent at birth (1) in response to a specific set of circumstances (1) Examples of learned behaviour: A group of sheep will run towards the feeder when the farmer shakes a bucket of food (1) An unhandled young horse will not automatically pick up its foot for you the first time it is asked. However, it soon learns the routine once it has been repeated a couple of times (1) 			A02
	Any other appropriate response.			
11a	 1 mark for correct description, maximum of 1 mark. a. Oestrogen makes the female animal more receptive to the male. 		1	305- 3.3 AO1
	Any other appropriate response.			
11b	1 mark for correct description, maximum of 1 mark. a. Adrenalin aids fight or flight response. Any other appropriate response.	Accept aggression or running away/hiding.	1	305- 3.3 A01
12	 Band A (1 – 4 marks) – The candidate produced a brief proposal with limited consideration of the characteristics of the dog in the scenario. Key points in relation to health and behaviour are described, but with clear gaps in knowledge and limited understanding of the topics shown. Few or no examples of care requirements including diet were included in the proposal, with suggestions made may not always relevant or appropriate. Few or no links were made throughout the proposal between the care of the dog and its individual needs. Technical terminology is used infrequently or inaccurately. To access the higher marks within the band, the candidate will have attempted to provide some justifications for their recommendations, but these may not all be valid. Band B (5 - 8 marks) – The candidate produced a detailed proposal which considers the characteristics of the dog in the scenario. Key points in relation to health and behaviour are described, with occasional gaps in knowledge shown. A range of examples of care requirements including diet were included in the proposal and were often relevant to the scenario. Some links were made between the care of the dog and its individual needs. Technical terminology is used frequently, with minor inaccuracies. To access the higher marks within the band, the candidate has included detailed and valid justifications for their recommendations. 	 Indicative content: Dietary requirements of adult dogs and different life stages Nutritional deficiencies Unknown history of the diet Signs of health and health checking Welfare and prevention of disease, including methods of care and preventative treatment Legislation e.g. Animal Welfare Act Accommodation needs Unknown behaviour history, including factors which may have or will influence behaviour Atypical behaviour Methods of integrating with other dogs, including communication and social grouping Handling and restraint, including equipment Health and safety 		303 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 2.4, 5.1 and 5.2. 304 1.1, 2.1, 3.1 and 4.1 305 1.1, 1.2, 3.3, 4.1 and 4.2. A04

Band C (9 - 12 marks) – The candidate produced a comprehensive proposal which thoroughly considers the characteristics of the dog in the scenario. Key points in relation to health and behaviour were clearly described and presented in a logical sequence. A wide range of examples of care requirements including diet were included in the proposal and were relevant to the scenario throughout. Links were made throughout between the care of the dog and its individual needs. Technical terminology is used accurately throughout.		
To access the higher marks within the band, the candidate has included coherent justifications for their recommendations and related this to the Animal Welfare Act 2006. For no awardable content, award 0 marks.		