

# Level 3 Technicals in Equine Management 0172- 008 / 0172-508

May 2019 Version 2.0

**Guide to the examination**

## ***Version control***

<b>Version and date</b>	<b>Change detail</b>	<b>Section</b>
v2.0 - May 2019	Level 3 third retake opportunity guidance added	1. Details of the exam

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## Who is this document for?

This document has been produced for centres who offer **City & Guilds Level 3 Advanced Technical Extended Diploma in Equine Management**. It gives all of the essential details of the qualification's external assessment (exam) arrangements and has been produced to support the preparation of candidates to take the exam/s.

The document comprises four sections:

1. **Details of the exam.** This section gives details of the structure, length and timing of the exam.
2. **Content assessed by the exam.** This section gives a summary of the content that will be covered in each exam and information of how marks are allocated to the content.
3. **Guidance.** This section gives guidance on the language of the exam, the types of questions included and examples of these, and links to further resources to support teaching and exam preparation.
4. **Further information.** This section lists other sources of information about this qualification and City & Guilds Technical Qualifications.

## 1. Details of the exam

### External assessment

City & Guilds Technical qualifications have been developed to meet national policy changes designed to raise the rigour and robustness of vocational qualifications. These changes are being made to ensure our qualifications can meet the needs of employers and Higher Education. One of these changes is for the qualifications to have an increased emphasis on external assessment. This is why you will see an external exam in each of our Technical qualifications.

An external assessment is an assessment that is set and/or marked by the awarding organisation (ie externally). All City and Guilds Technical qualifications include an externally set and marked exam. This must be taken at the same time by all candidates who are registered on a particular qualification. We produce an exam timetable each year. This specifies the date and time of the exam so you can plan your delivery, revision and room bookings/PC allocation in plenty of time.

The purpose of this exam is to provide assurance that all candidates achieving the qualification have gained sufficient knowledge and understanding from their programme of study and that they can independently recall and draw their knowledge and understanding together in an integrated way. Whilst this may not be new to you, it is essential that your learners are well prepared and that they have time to revise, reflect and prepare for these exams. We have produced a Teaching, Learning, and Assessment guide that is you should refer to alongside the present document ([Teaching, Learning and Assessment Guide](#)). If a learner does not pass the exam at their first attempt, there is only one opportunity to resit the exam, so preparation is essential.

### Exam requirements of this qualification

- **008 / 508 Level 3 Equine Management** – Theory Exam (2 hours)

The exam is graded and a candidate must achieve at least a Pass grade in order to be awarded the qualification. (In addition to the exam, a synoptic assignment must also be completed and passed). You can find full details of the synoptic assignment in the *Qualification Handbook* and the *Synoptic Assessment Guide* – please see the link to the qualification page at the end of this document.

### When does the exam take place?

The exam is offered on two fixed dates in March or June. The exact dates will be published at the start of the academic year in the *Assessments and Exam Timetable* <http://www.cityandguilds.com/delivering-our-qualifications/exams-and-admin>.

At the start of the programme of study, in order to effectively plan teaching and exam preparation, centres should know when the exam will be taking place and allocate teaching time accordingly. Section 2 of this document gives a summary of the content that needs to be covered in order to prepare learners for the exam and full details of this are given in the Qualification Handbook.

## Form of exam

The exam for this qualification can be taken either on paper (0172-508) or online (0172-008).

## Can candidates resit the exam?

Candidates who have failed an exam or wish to retake it in an attempt to improve their grade, can do so **twice**. The third and final retake opportunity applies to Level 3 only. The best result will count towards the final qualification. If the candidate fails the exam three times then they will fail the qualification.

## How the exam is structured

Each exam has a total of 60 marks and is made up of:

- approximately 12 -15 short answer questions
- 1 extended response question.

Short answer questions are used to confirm **breadth of knowledge and understanding**.

The extended response question is to allow candidates to demonstrate **higher level and integrated understanding** through written discussion, analysis and evaluation. This question also ensures the exam can differentiate between those learners who are 'just able' and those who are higher achieving.

More details about and examples of question types are given in Section 3 of this document.

## Assessment Objectives

The exams are based on the following set of assessment objectives (AOs). These are designed to allow the candidate's responses to be assessed across the following three categories of performance:

- **Recollection** of knowledge.
- **Understanding** of concepts, theories and processes.
- **Integrated application** of knowledge and understanding.

In full, the assessment objectives covered by the exam for this qualification are:

Assessment objective	Mark allocation (approx %)
<i>The candidate..</i>	
AO1 <b>Recalls knowledge</b> from across the breadth of the qualification	30%
AO2 <b>Demonstrates understanding</b> of concepts, theories and processes from a range of learning outcomes.	50%
AO4 <b>Applies knowledge, understanding and skills</b> from across the breadth of the qualification in an integrated and holistic way to achieve specified purposes.	20%

## **Booking and taking the exam**

All assessments for City & Guilds Technical Exams must be booked through Walled Garden. There is a deadline for booking exams, synoptic assessments and any other centre marked assessments, please refer to the time line to check these dates.

The exam must be taken under the supervision of an invigilator who is responsible for ensuring that it is conducted under controlled conditions. Full details of the conditions under which the exam must be taken can be found in the Joint Council for Qualifications (JCQ) document, [Instructions for Conducting Examinations \(ICE\)](#).

## **Special consideration**

Candidates who are unable to sit the exam owing to temporary injury, illness or other indisposition at the scheduled time may qualify for special consideration. This is a post-examination adjustment that can, in certain circumstances, be made to a candidate's final grade. The Joint Council for Qualifications' guide to the special consideration process can be found at [www.jcq.org.uk](http://www.jcq.org.uk) .

To make a request for special consideration, please contact: [policy@cityandguilds.com](mailto:policy@cityandguilds.com)

## **Access arrangements**

Access arrangements are arrangements that allow candidates with particular requirements, disabilities or temporary illness to take assessments, where appropriate, using their normal way of working. The Joint Council for Qualifications document, *Access Arrangements and Reasonable Adjustments* gives full details and can be downloaded [here](#).

For further information and to apply for access arrangements please see:

[Access arrangements - When and how applications need to be made to City & Guilds](#)  
[Applying for access arrangements on the Walled Garden](#)

## 2. Content assessed by the exam

### Equine Management

The exam assesses:

- **Unit 358: The principles of equitation**
- **Unit 360: The principles of horse fitness**
- **Unit 364: Business management in the land-based sector**

Each exam assesses a sample of the content of these units. This means that a single exam will **not** cover 100% of the unit content. The full range of content will be assessed over a number of examination series. Details of the coverage of a particular exam paper will **not** be released in advance of the exam itself. Centres should **not** make assumptions about what will be assessed by a particular exam based on what has been covered on previous occasions. In order to be fully prepared for the exam, learners **must** be ready to answer questions on **any** of the content outlined below.

The table below provides an overview of how the qualification's Learning Outcomes are covered by each exam and the number of **marks** available per Learning Outcome (ie **not** the number of *questions* per Learning Outcome). In preparing candidates for the exam, we recommend that centres take note of the number of marks allocated to Learning Outcomes and to assign teaching and preparation time accordingly.

In preparing candidates for the exam, centres should refer to the Qualification Handbook which gives full details of each Learning Outcome.

The following is a summary of only that qualification content which is assessed by the exam and **not** a summary of the full content of the qualification.

Unit	Learning outcome	Topics	Number of marks per section
358 The principles of equitation	LO1 Understand the influence of the rider on the horse	1.1 Riders position 1.2 Rider aids 1.3 Rider health and fitness 1.4 Rider psychology	16
	LO2 Understand how to assess horses	2.1 Common terminology used when assessing the horse's way of going 2.2 Assess horse's static and dynamic conformation	
	LO3 Understand techniques for training on the flat	3.1 Scales of training 3.2 School movements and exercises	

	LO4 Understand jumping techniques for training over fences	4.1 Recognising optimum jumping technique 4.2 Common problems associated with jumping 4.3 Exercises and methods to improve jumping technique	
360 The principles of horse fitness	LO1 Understand physiological effects of fittening on the systems of the horse	1.1 Physiological effects of training 1.2 Stress	20
	LO2 Understand the requirements of horse fitness preparation	2.1 Preparation for fittening and the processes of roughing off 2.2 Types of work used in selected horse fitness programmes	
	LO3 Plan horse fitness programmes	3.1 Design fitness programmes	
364 Business management in the land-based sector	LO1 Understand the breadth and importance of an industry in the land-based sector	1.1 Importance to the economy 1.2 Associated businesses	12
	LO2 Understand business resources and structures	2.1 Legal structure and organisation 2.2 Physical resource requirements 2.3 Job roles and responsibilities	
	LO3 Understand the business marketplace	3.1 Marketplace, customers and competitors 3.2 Supply chain 3.3 Quality management	
	LO4 Understand how to use financial and physical record keeping systems	4.1 Financial records 4.2 Physical records 4.3 Monitor business performance and progress	
		Total marks for sections:	48 marks
		Integration across units*:	12 marks
		<b>Total marks for exam:</b>	<b>60 Marks</b>

\* *Integration across units.* These marks relate to Assessment Objective 4. These marks are awarded to differentiate between levels of performance by candidates taking the exam. The marks are given for how well a candidate has applied their knowledge, understanding and skills from across the units that make up the qualification in an integrated way to meet the requirements of the exam questions.





### 3. Guidance

#### Vocabulary of the exam: use of 'command' verbs

The exam questions are written using 'command' verbs. These are used to communicate to the candidate the type of answer required. Candidates should be familiarised with these as part of their exam preparation.

The following guidance has been produced on the main command verbs used in City & Guilds Technicals exams.

A more detailed version of this table, which also includes the command verbs used in the assignments is published in *City & Guilds Technical Qualifications Teaching, Learning and Assessment* guide.

Command verb	Explanation and guidance
Analyse	Study or examine a complex issue, subject, event, etc in detail to explain and interpret, elements, causes, characteristics etc
Calculate	Work out the answer to a problem using mathematical operations
Compare (...and contrast) (or <b>describe</b> the similarities/differences)	Consider and describe the similarities (and differences) between two or more features, systems, ideas, etc
Define	Give the meaning of, technical vocabulary, terms, etc.
Describe	Give a detailed written account of a system, feature, etc ( <b>..the effect of...on...</b> ) the impact, change that has resulted from a cause, event, etc ( <b>..the process..</b> ) give the steps, stages, etc
Differentiate between	Establish and relate the characteristic differences between two or more things, concepts, etc
Discuss	Talk/write about a topic in detail, considering the different issues, ideas, opinions related to it
Distinguish between	Recognise and describe the characteristic differences between two things, or make one thing seem different from another
Evaluate	Analyse and describe the success, quality, benefits, value, etc (of an end product, outcome, etc )
Explain	Make (a situation, idea, process, etc) clear or easier to understand by giving details ( <b>..how..</b> ) Give the stages or steps, etc in a process, including relationships, connections, etc between these and causes and effects.

<b>Give example(s) illustrate/</b>	Use examples or images to support, clarify or demonstrate, an explanation, argument, theory, etc
<b>Give a rationale</b>	Provide a reason/reasons/basis for actions, decisions, beliefs, etc
<b>Identify</b>	Recognise a feature, usually from a document, image, etc and state what it is
<b>Justify</b>	Give reasons for, make a case for, account for, etc decisions, actions, conclusions, etc, in order to demonstrate why they suitable for or correct or meet the particular circumstances, context
<b>Label</b>	Add names or descriptions, indicating their positions, on an image, drawing, diagram, etc
<b>List</b>	Give as many answers, examples, etc as the question indicates (candidates are not required to write in full sentences)
<b>Name</b>	Give the (technical) name of something
<b>Propose</b>	Present a plan, strategy, etc (for consideration, discussion, acceptance, action, etc).
<b>Select</b>	Choose the best, most suitable, etc, by making careful decisions
<b>State</b>	Give the answer, clearly and definitely
<b>Summarise</b>	Give a brief statement of the main points (of something)

## Question types

The following explains, and gives examples of, types of questions used in City & Guilds Technical exams. In preparing candidates to take the exam, it is recommended that you familiarise them with the requirements of each question type so that they can be effective and make best use of the time available when sitting the exam.

- An effective candidate will gauge the type and length of response required from the question and the number of marks available (which is given for each question on the exam paper).
- Short answer questions may not require candidates to write in complete sentences. Extended response questions will require a more developed response.
- Candidates should read the exam paper before attempting to answer the questions and should allocate time proportionate to the number of marks available for each question or section.

Question type:	Example question	Example question:
<p><b>Short answer questions (restricted response)</b> These are questions which require candidates to give a brief and concise written response. The number of marks available will correspond to the number of pieces of information/examples and the length of response required by the question.</p>	<p>Describe two physical effects that stress has on the horse's body during a fittening program. (2 marks)</p>	<p><i>One mark per correct response as below or other acceptable answer:</i> The horse may sweat profusely if stressed during a fittening programme [1]. Stress on the horse's body can lead to injuries during training. [1] If the horse is stressed when training it can lead to fatigue. [1] The horse may become dehydrated quickly if stressed during training. [1]</p>
<p><b>Structured Response Questions</b> These are questions that have more than one part (eg a), b), etc.). The overall question is made up of linked, short answer questions which move the candidate through the topic in a structured way. For example, the question will usually start with a 'recall'/'state'/'describe' question followed by an 'explain' to draw out understanding of the topic. They usually have a shared introductory 'stem', and the number of marks may increase through the question.</p>	<p>a) Identify what the following symptoms indicate in a horse during exercise:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• dropping behind the leg</li> <li>• not giving fences enough clearance</li> <li>• reduced coordination (1 mark)</li> </ul> <p>b) Describe one way the condition identified in a) could occur in a horse. (1 mark)</p>	<p><i>One mark for the correct identification.</i> The following symptoms may indicate that the horse is fatigued and cannot physically keep up the work demanded by the exercise programme. It is running out of energy. [1]</p> <p><i>One mark for a correct description.</i> The horse may have been exercised for an extended period of time without being fit enough to cope with the training. [1]</p>

### **Extended response questions**

Extended response questions are those that require the candidate to write a longer written response using sentences and paragraphs. These usually require candidates to discuss, explain, etc. a topic in some detail. The question is often based on a short case study, scenario or other prompt. The level of detail should be gauged from the question and the number of marks available.

### **Example question**

A horse at a competition yard is coming back into work after suffering a tendon injury to a foreleg. Discuss the exercises and fitness program that needs to be considered for this horse.

### **Mark scheme**

#### **Indicative content for answer – to aid band grading**

##### **Band 1**

Knowledge of tendon injuries in horses.

Identifying examples of exercises to bring the horse back into work

Identifying time scales for a fitness programme, linked to tendon injury and potential for re injury..

##### **Band 2**

Knowledge of tendon injuries in horses and the timescales for healing.

Discuss examples of exercises to bring the horse back into work with some explanation

Discuss fitness programme with time scales to improve fitness with links to the injury, with some explanation

Can start to bring together information explaining how exercises and fitness programme will lead to improvements.

##### **Band 3**

Knowledge of the seriousness of tendon injuries, the time scales for healing, and the implications for reinjury.

Discuss examples of exercise to bring the horse back into work with explanation and justification

Discuss fitness programme with time scales to improve fitness linking to the injury with explanation and justification.

Will bring together information explaining how exercises and fitness programme will lead to improvements.

**Band 1: (0 – 4 marks);** basic explanation showing some knowledge of fittening and exercises for improvement, including some technical terms. Superficial information given with little or no connection between the fittening needs and exercise needs of the horse. Little or no justification

**Example band 1 response**

Tendon injuries in horses take a long time to heal, they heal as scar tissue which isn't as strong as before. The horse will need to start with light exercise for example being tacked up and ridden for a short period of time on a flat surface. Then slowly build up to walking and trotting on a flat surface over a period of time. Then start cantering. This will mean the horse gets fitter and doesn't re injure itself.

**Band 2 (5 – 8 marks);** clear explanation showing knowledge and understanding of the fittening and exercise needs of the horse, including correct use of most technical terms. Detailed information given demonstrating some connection between the fittening and exercise needs. Some justifications for examples given with reasonable detail.

**Example band 2 response**

Tendon injuries can take a long time to heal as the injured tendon has to heal as scar tissue. The scar tissue itself is not as strong as before the injury so fittening and exercise programmes need to be done gradually to prevent re injury. The horse can begin with being ridden for a short period of time in walk, e.g. 15 minutes on a flat surface. The over a period of time trot and canter can be incorporated into the programme on a flat surface to not put excessive strain on the tendon. Keeping circles large will prevent excessive strain in the beginning. By building up slowly the horse will get gradually fitter and the exercises will help to build up the strength of the horse's body and tendon.

**Band 3 (9 – 12 marks);** comprehensive explanation showing accurate knowledge of the fittening and exercise needs of the horse, correct use of all technical terms. Thorough information given demonstrating a detailed connection between the fittening and exercise needs. Clear and accurate justification for examples given.

**Example band 3 response**

Tendon injuries can take an extended period of time to heal fully. This is because the tendon will heal as scar tissue, this takes a long time to form at the site of injury. The scar tissue is also not as strong as before the injury, any exercise and fittening programme will have to take this into account. Exercise and fittening should be undertaken over a period of time and built up slowly this will help to prevent excess strain on the injury site and prevent re injury. The horse should start exercising first in walk only for a short period of time, e.g. 15 minutes to prevent strain. The horse should also be ridden on a flat surface again to avoid unnecessary strain on the tendon. Trot can be included on a straight line after around 10 days. It is best to start this on long reins so that the horse doesn't have the excess weight of the rider at the beginning. Then trot under saddle for 15 – 20 minutes daily can begin, keeping to

straight lines and no tight circles. Canter can start after around 4 – 5 weeks trotting. Jumping should only be started after weeks of walk, trot and canter which depends on the severity of the injury. Overall by building up the horses fittening and exercise programme slowly this will help the horse get back to fitness and not put to much strain on the injury. The aim of this programme is to prevent re injury to the tendon because the scar tissues isn't as strong as before.

## Examination technique

Candidates with a good understanding of the subject being assessed can often lose marks in exams because they lack experience or confidence in exams or awareness of how to maximise the time available to get the most out of the exam. Here is some suggested guidance for areas that could be covered in advance to help learners improve exam performance.

### Before the exam

Although candidates cannot plan the answers they will give in advance, exams for Technical qualifications do follow a common structure and format. In advance of taking the exam, candidates should:

- be familiar with the structure of the exam (ie number and type of questions).
- be aware of the amount of time they have in total to complete the exam.
- have a plan, based on the exam start and finish time for how long to spend on each question/section of the exam.
- be aware of how many marks are available for each question, how much they should expect to write for each question and allow most time for those questions which have the most marks available.

### At the start of the exam session

At the start of the exam, candidates:

- should carefully read through the instructions before answering any questions.
- may find it helpful, where possible, to mark or highlight key information such as command words and number of marks available on the question paper.
- identify questions which require an extended written answer and those questions where all or part of the question may be answered by giving bullets, lists etc rather than full sentences.

### Answering the questions

Candidates do not have to answer exam questions in any particular order. They may find it helpful to consider, for example:

- tackling first those questions which they find easiest. This should help them get into the 'flow' of the exam and help confidence by building up marks quickly and at the start of the exam.
- tackling the extended answer question at an early stage of the exam to make sure they spend sufficient time on it and do not run out of time at the end of the exam.

Candidates should avoid wasting time by repeating the question either in full or in part in their answer.

Candidates should **always** attempt every question, even questions where they may be less confident about the answer they are giving. Candidates should be discouraged however, from spending too long on any answer they are less sure about and providing answers that are longer and give more detail than should be necessary in the hope of picking up marks. This may mean they have less time to answer questions that they are better prepared to answer.

### Extended answer questions

Before writing out in full their answer to extended questions, candidates may find it helpful to identify the key requirements of the question and jot down a brief plan or outline of how they will



answer it. This will help clarify their thinking and make sure that they don't get 'bogged down' or provide too much detail for one part of the question at the expense of others.

### **Towards the end of the exam**

Candidates should always set aside time at the end of the exam to read back through and review what they have written in order to make sure this is legible, makes sense and answers the question in full.

If a candidate finds they are running out of time to finish an answer towards the end of the exam, they should attempt to complete the answer in abbreviated or note form. Provided the content is clear and relevant, examiners will consider such answers and award marks where merited.

Further guidance on preparing candidates to take the exam is given in the City & Guilds publication, [Technical Qualifications, Teaching, Learning and Assessment](#) which can be downloaded free of charge from City & Guilds website.

## 4. Further information

For further information to support delivery and exam preparation for this qualification, centres should see:

### City & Guilds

Qualification homepage: [link to qualification](#), which includes:

- Qualification handbook
- Synoptic Assignment
- Sample assessments
- Past Papers

*Technical Qualifications, Resources and Support:* [www.cityandguilds.com/techbac/technical-qualifications/resources-and-support](http://www.cityandguilds.com/techbac/technical-qualifications/resources-and-support)

### Joint Council for Qualifications

*Instructions for Conducting Examinations:* <http://www.jcq.org.uk/exams-office/ice---instructions-for-conducting-examinations>